WEATHER
With Probable Showers Mostly Cloudy

Daily Worker

★★ 2-Star Edition

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Life in Prison

A Letter from Henry Winston to His Wife

My dearest Edna:

This is the first day of August. The beginning of the end of Summer. I've spent now two months in the Federal jail. Even though we are not permitted to sit down for a chat, let this letter serve as such. It's good to see you in court this morning because you'll probably have to return at 1 o'clock to see Larry and I will not be able to say hello this afternoon.

Gil, Gus and I returned from court last Friday around 2 p.m. The heat was terrific in the patrol wagon. The temperature must have been beyond 95 degrees. And there was no let-up in the cell. The cooling system provided no relief; it blew only hot air. We remained in the cell, for the roof was not opened until 6:15. We went up at that time and remained until recall at 7:50 p.m. Then back to the cell for count and locked doors. We tossed all night, being unable to sleep in that heat.

WINSTON

It was no doubt very pleasant at that time on the roof, as it was from 6:15 to 7:50 p.m., but bureaucratic prison routine is very rigid.

I hope you had a nice visit to Albany. How was the meeting? Elizabeth told me that one of your speeches was recorded. They played it up in Buffalo and she thought it was excellent. Johnny Gates describes it as magnificent. I'm dying to hear it. [Edna Winston's speech will appear in the Worker Magazine this week. —Editor.]

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THE PICTURES OF LARRY are wonderful. He really looks well. But can it be said that you are boasting about the young man?

Of course, it should be taken for granted that he's a man of the world. How else can you explain his superb imagination, mastery of language, ability to destroy all of his mechanical toys even though he can't put them together again, love of all vegetables, especially broccoli and spinach, and his love for people all wrapped up in his 2½ years?

You know that Eric and Francine always called him a genius, I never did, as you recall. That is due to the fact that I am one of those fathers who do not believe in boasting about offspring even if they be chips off the old block. I get the feeling, however, that some mothers do. I don't think Gurley Flynn would rake me over the coals for such modesty. I would, as you know, like very much to see Larry. Do give him a million kisses. It must be a pleasure to be with him at this moment when so many changes are taking place in his young life.

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THE LAST TWO MONTHS that I've been in jail have been a forced separation as a result of an arbitrary use of judicial powers that is indicative of the growth of reaction. Reaction remains reaction whether it is the open and naked type or is clothed in pious pretenses of "the true administration of justice" variety. The brutal consequences remain the same, namely, the break-up of families, attempts to degrade and destroy man's dignity as part of the effort to crush all popular liberties as we know them.

There can be no doubt that millions, now slowly, now surely, will begin to draw lessons from these events. And their efforts to stem reaction and extend democratic liberties will be crowned in glory.

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IT WAS ON JUNE 3, as you well recall, that Judge Medina sentenced John Gates to 30 days in jail for refusing to become a stoolpigeon. John Gates showed by deed how to defend the interests of our class and people.

I rose to protest this unjust action. I understood then as I do now that the court's action, a federal court at that, could only encourage every KKK lyncher in the country to further attacks against my people; encourage every stoolpigeon to manufacture more lies and frame-ups, and foster the growth of reaction generally in the country as well as every arm of the state.

I attempted to point out to the Court this fact when I stated that more than 5,000 Negroes have been lynched by legal and extra legal action as a result of such fingering techniques. I pointed out that the prosecution, representing the government of the United States, should be ashamed of pursuing such a line of questions which could only result in feeding human bodies to the sadistic lynch mobs. The Judge's reply was to remand me without specific time even though the

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CLARK WAS STOOGE FOR OIL FIRMS

26 Attorneys Blast His Record

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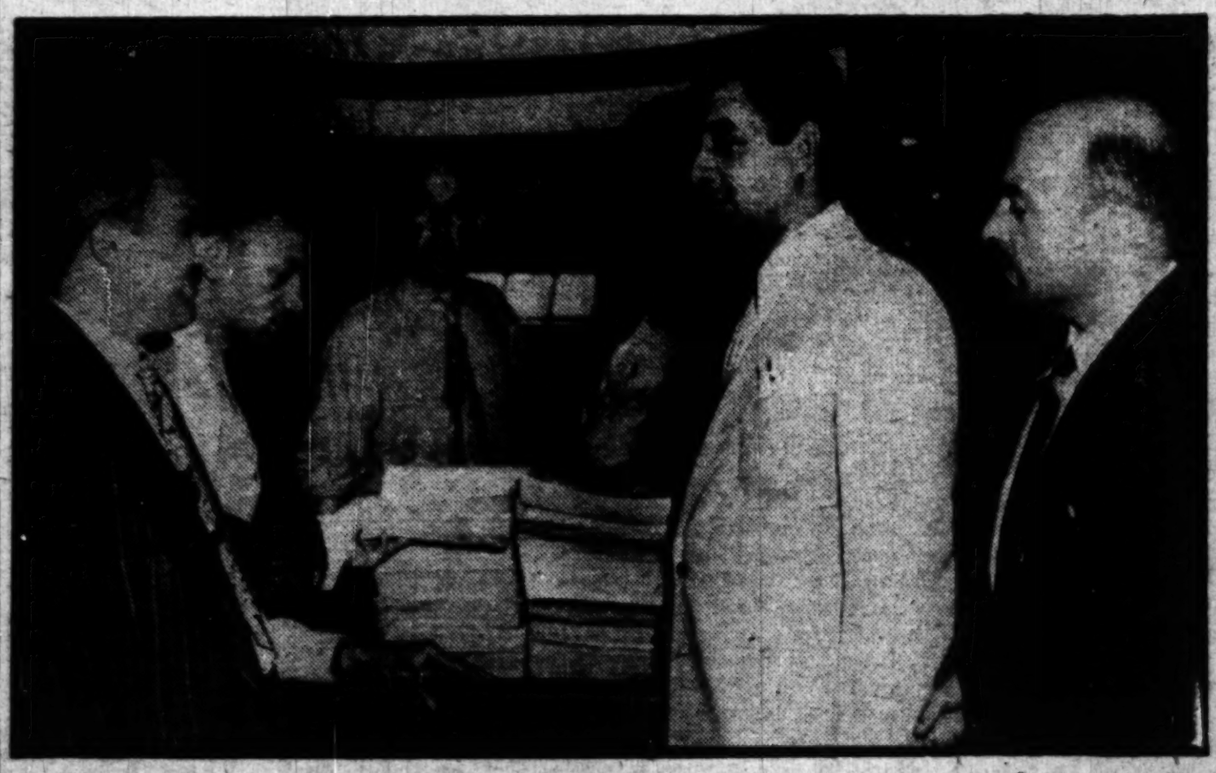
ALP NOMINATING PETITIONS PRESENTED



OFFICIALLY DESIGNATING Rep. Vito Marcantonio as the American Labor Party candidate for Mayor, Paul L. Ross as its candidate for Controller, and Mrs. Minneola Ingersoll as candidate for President of the City Council, ALP nominating petitions are presented to a clerk of the Board of Elections by Ross. Left to right are Ross, Ray Tillman, campaign manager in the 21st Senatorial District, where Councilman Benjamin J. Davis is the ALP's candidate; the clerk; Ewart Guinier, candidate for Manhattan Borough President, and Arthur Schutzer, state executive secretary of the ALP.
—Daily Worker Photo by Peter.

Gov't, Not '12', Plots Violence, Says Dennis

—See Page 2

'AMYTHEST' ESCAPE KILLED HUNDREDS

—See Page 3

Dennis Says Gov't, Not 12, Plots Violence

By Harry Raymond

Eugene Dennis told Judge Harold R. Medina and the jury in the Foley Square trial yesterday that those who brought the indictment against the Communist leaders are the actual perpetrators of force and violence, advocates of atomic war and supporters of the Atlantic Pact for a new war.

Dennis, acting as his own attorney, addressed the court in protest against the judge's unprecedented ruling forbidding defense witnesses from testifying what the Communist Party really taught and advocated on the public platform, through its schools and in its literature.

The half-day court session yesterday was indeed a phantom session. Edward J. Chaka, a moulder and member of the Ohio Communist Party for 18 years, eleventh defense witness, was stopped cold by a scolding and jittery judge when the witness began to testify what defendant Gus Hall taught in a 1946 Marxist class near Cleveland.

Judge Medina interrupted attorney Richard Gladstein's examination of the witness, took over part of the examination and limited testimony to the narrow area of the testimony of the 11 FBI anti-labor informers and two FBI agents, the prosecution's witnesses.

RULED OUT

Question after question seeking to elicit from witness Chaka testimony on what was taught at the Ohio school and what was said and advocated at the 1948 Ohio Communist convention was ruled out by the judge.

At one point, Judge Medina offered an objection and sustained it when Prosecutor John F. X. McGohey did not rise quickly enough to block the defense examination.

"The time has come," the judge snapped. This was his way of letting the defense know he plans to hear very little more defense testimony.

He called his action putting "some control on the case." He prodded the lawyers with insulting remarks and charged Gladstein with "catechizing." When Gladstein politely told the court, "I will proceed," the judge barked: "You will, all right."

Chaka was asked to tell the jury what Frank Hashmall, an earlier defense witness from Ohio, told the 1948 Communist convention about force and violence.

When the witness proceeded to corroborate Hashmall's testimony, telling of the violent attack on the latter's home in Columbus and the wrecking of the home by fascist vandals, Judge Medina raised his hand and said that if the defense offers evidence of lynchings, attacks on homes and massacres of workers, it is out. "We are here to decide if these defendants conspired to teach and advocate overthrow of the government by force and violence."

Attorney's Gladstein and Harry Sacher were on their feet object-

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Charles Doyle Convicted In Frameup

JAMESTOWN, N. Y., Aug. 2.—Charles Doyle was found guilty of illegal entry into the United States by a jury in a one-day trial here today in the U. S. District Court.

On Aug. 15, Doyle will appear in Buffalo for sentence. The maximum sentence is one year in jail and $1,000 fine. Doyle was represented by Isidore Englander, N. Y. attorney, sent to Jamestown by the American Committee for the Protection of Foreign Born.

The American Committee issued a statement saying, "The charges, indictment and trial are a frameup and a gross miscarriage of justice. They are an attempt to persecute an individual because of his progressive trade union activities in the United States.

"We will appeal and fight this conviction to the highest courts. Charles Doyle is guilty only of fighting American reaction and anti-labor elements."

Doyle left the country with a re-entry permit in January, 10, 1948. Upon his return two ways later from Canada he was excluded from the country after having lived her for 24 years and raised a family of four children in this country. He went to Canada to attend a meeting of the international executive board of the CIO Chemical Workers Union, of which he was vice-president at that time.

NO EVIDENCE

The government charged that Doyle made a false statement to an Immigration officer upon his return from Canada. At the trial however, no evidence to support this charge was presented by the government.

An application for an injunction to restrain the government from forcing Benjamin Saltzman, father of a dead war hero, from reporting weekly in person to Ellis Island was in New York federal district court.

Federal District Judge Samuel Kaufman heard the arguments on both sides yesterday and took the case under advisement.

BITTELMAN CASE

Alexander Bittelman will take the stand on Aug. 17 in the hearings being held by the Justice Department as a part of the government's attempt to deport Bittelman because of his membership in the Communist Party, it was announced by the American Committee for Protection of Foreign Born.

Bittelman, executive secretary

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Give $22 to Defense Fund

A group of guests at the Fur Workers Resort at White Lake, N. Y., yesterday signified their support of Ben Gold's motion to join the fight against the frameup of the Communist leaders by contributing $22 to the defense fund.

Ben Gold, president of the International Fur and Leather Workers Union, had made the motion that all progressives follow his example in offering similar motions in their organiations and contributing $5 per week, or in seconding such motions and contributing $1 per week, to the fund to fight the frameup and to press for the release of Henry Winston, Gus Hall and Gil Green.

Protests by Maryland Quakers Hold Up Ober Law Enforcement

BALTIMORE, Aug. 2.—Protests against the Ober Law by the Homewood Quakers Meeting have forced Hall Hammond, attorney general, to advise state and city officials to take no action against persons who refuse to sign oaths under the Ober Law, pending a court decision on the constitutionality of the law. Hammond's action came as the Homewood Quakers Meeting adopted a resolution of protest, and three city employes, members of the Homewood Quaker Meeting, refused to sign the oaths.

A number of other city employes had refused to sign the oath by Aug. 1, deadline for filing the oaths.

Judge Joseph Sherbow, who heard two suits contesting the constitutionality of the law, is expected to render his decision when he returns from vacation next week.

The Ober Law requires all government employes to sign "loyalty" oaths or face immediate dismissal.

The three Quakers who refused to sign the oath are Dr. Miriam E. Brailey, director of the Bureau of Tuberculosis, Baltimore City Health Department; Miss Elizabeth Haas, of the staff of the Enoch Pratt Free Library; and Miss Doris Shamleffer, personel examiner for the State Employment Commission.

MAYOR TO WAIT RULING

Mayor D'Alesandro and Russell S. Davis, State Employment Commissioner, agreed to abide by Hammond's recommendation.

The three Quakers who refused to sign the oaths, in separate statements, gave as their reasons:

1. The law infringes upon their religious convictions because it is a "denial of the brotherhood of man."
2. It penalizes thought and association.
3. It is coercive and totalitarian.
4. It is subversive.

The three Quakers, however, fell into the redbaiting trap of charging Communism is "totalitarianism."

5,631 Sign For Isaacson

The Bronx ALP yesterday filed 5,631 signatures nominating former Congressman Leo Isacson for Borough President. This constituted a record for a nomination in which there will be no primary contest, representing more than 10 per cent of the ALP enrollment in the Bronx.

Petitions bearing the same number of signatures were also filed nominating Julian C. Trupin for District Attorney and Louis Stone for Bronx County Judge, and 2,383 signatures nominating Barney Rosenstein for Municipal Court Judge in the 1st District, and 3,298 nominating David Minkoff in the 2nd District.

For City Council, 1,301 signatures were filed for Stephen J. White in the 24th Senate District; 1,322 for Francesco Santiago in the 25th District; 1,350 for Kenneth L. Bruton in the 26th District; 597 for Joseph Nicosia in the 27th District; and 1,061 for Carl Trost in the 28th District.

ALP Files 25,000 Petitions For New York City Slate

By Michael Singer

The American Labor Party yesterday filed petitions for a city slate headed by Vito Marcantonio for Mayor, Paul L. Ross for Comptroller, and Minneola Ingersoll for President of the City Council. The petitions included 25,326 signatures obtained in a whirlwind drive which launched the Labor Party's fighting campaign for the return of progressive government to the city. Among the signatures were 10,000 from Manhattan for the reelection of Councilman Benjamin J. Davis, Communist leader nominated by the ALP.

Ewart G. Guinier, Labor Party candidate for Manhattan borough president filed 13,500 petitions.

Presenting the petitions to the Board of Elections were Arthur Schutzer, ALP state executive secretary, Ross, Guinier and Ray Tillman, campaign manager for Councilman Davis.

LAUDS DAVIS

The reelection of Davis, Schutzer said, "will insure the continuation in office of an outstanding leader of the Negro people, a dependable voice for progressive good government in the city coun-

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GOP Hypocrisy on Tammany

AN EDITORIAL

The anguished wails being emitted by Republican New York County Chairman Thomas J. Curran over the unprincipled deals being finagled by the Liberal Party with Tammany Hall are, if anything, more hypocritical than the usual bleatings of the professional politicians. Because when it comes to making deals with Tammany, Curran has just rammed one through that tops them all.

We are referring to the behind-the-scenes dirty work which resulted in Curran giving his—and Gov. Dewey's—blessing to the dyed-in-the-wool Tammany candidate opposing Communist Councilman Benjamin J. Davis for reelection. Not only did Curran withdraw the Republican candidate to join the gangup against the only spokesman for the Negro people in the City Council, but he forced his will on the Negro leaders of his own party in the district who opposed his policy of backing a Tammany clubhouse figure.

In fact, when it comes to this deal to support a Tammany candidate, Curran is extremely pleased to have the Liberal Party go along for a three-party gangup against a people's leader.

Only Davis has a program—and a record—which can help the people of his district and the whole city. It is against this that the Republicans and Liberals are ganging up with Tammany.

TEXT OF EUGENE DENNIS' STATEMENT IN COURT

Defendant Dennis: May I be heard briefly?

The Court: Yes, Mr. Dennis.

Defendant Dennis: I think at this stage of the trial it has become clear to the court and the jury, as well as to a great many citizens in our country, that this is not an ordinary trial, that political beliefs, political principles, political doctrines are on trial. Therefore, by the very nature of this case we would be derelict in our duty to ourselves, to our party, to the Bill of Rights, if we were to try just to rebutt the false testimony introduced by the prosecution because it is incumbent on us in the trial to, amongst other things, show exactly what are the principles of Marxism-Leninism, and these are principles which, as we have pointed out and shall continue to point out, are to be understood not only in relation to certain books, as important as they are, but also as to how we defendants apply these principles, and a cornerstone of the principles of Marxism-Leninism, as we are endeavoring to show, consists in the unity between the theory and the practice of our science, or our philosophy.

And therefore, by the very nature of the position of our party as a Marxist party, a working class party, we must bring forward our position, show our activities, actually what we have advocated, what we have taught.

Reference has been made to the fact that many, if not all, of the witnesses have at various times pointed out both our understanding of the history of the class struggle and the role of force and violence by vested interests in the course of the history of social development. I think this is very germane to the questions at issue in this trial. All of us recall a story, to put it very briefly, of the robber who cried, "stop thief," to

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5 Groups Visit Medina Today

Five delegations will call on Judge Medina today to demand that he free Henry Winston, Gus Hall and Gil Green, Communist Party leaders imprisoned during the Foley Square trial.

As part of the activities centering around Winston Week, there will be a broad delegation of Negro leaders from Harlem, three delegations from the Bronx and a delegation of trade unionists from the CIO United Electrical, Radio and Machine Workers in Brooklyn. The union, Negro and Jewish delegations from the Bronx are part of a total of 15 delegations to go from that borough during the week.

It was also reported that 2,000 signatures had already been obtained on a petition to Judge Medina now being circulated in the Bronx. The petitions, expected to be signed by 20,000 people, will be presented to Medina by a mass delegation from the Bronx.

Witchhunter Clark Was Stooge for Oil Firms

By Art Shields

Witchhunter Tom Clark, whom President Truman has nominated for the U.S. Supreme Court, was a $12,000 a-year representative of the oil interests of Texas and a paid lobbyist for the Texas chain stores before he went into the Department of Justice in 1937.

The chain stores hired Clark to kill the chain store tax bill. This tax was intended to protect the little cross roads grocery stores that the giant mercantile trusts were putting out of business.

The present Attorney General's payroll ties to Texas big business were not generally known to the public. They were brought out into the open in 1937 by a Texas State Senate investigating committee, that was checking up on the sources of the income of this lawyer-politician.

Clark was hired by the trusts as a contact man with the state government after his law partner, William McGraw, became state attorney general in 1935.

Clark's employer in the oil industry was the Texas Petroleum Council, which was set up by oil companies in the Lone Star state. The industry is dominated by such petroleum giants as the Rockefellers' Standard Oil companies, the huge Texas Corp., which works with the Rockefellers; the Mellons' Gulf Oil Co., and the Pew family and other oil tycoons.

Clark's chain store boss was the big Safeway Stores, Inc., whose assets added up to $59,000,000 at that time.

Clark has been a big business agent in the federal government ever since Sen. Tom Connally and Rep. Hatton W. Sumners and other anti-New Dealers in Texas managed to get him appointed to the Department of Justice.

His anti-trust prosecutions as Assistant Attorney General, in charge of the anti-trust division in 1943 and as Attorney General since 1945 have been a sham.

Tom Clark hasn't sent a single Rockefeller, Mellon, Pew or other trust magnate to jail. He was too busy jailing working men and working women.

"There'll be no witchhunting . . ." — against big business, he assured the trusts when he was put in charge of the anti-trust division in 1943.

His only witchhunting is against Labor.

Clark will continue his anti-labor witchhunting and his Jimcrow attacks on the Negro people from the highest court in the land if the Senate confirms his appointment.

Protests against his nomination must be rushed to Sen. Pat McCarran, chairman of the Senate Judiciary Committee.

Every freedom-loving American must wire or write his Senator to reject Clark's appointment and to insist on open Judiciary Committee hearings when his name comes up for confirmation.

House Unit to Limit Arms Bill Opponents

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2.—Opponents of the Administration's Military Assistance Program will get little time to testify before the House Foreign Affairs Committee, chairman John Kee (D-W. Va) told the Daily Worker today.

"We only have time for a few witness," Kee said. "We're going to pick out the more important witnesses who have some information to give us."

Kee's statement indicated that the Administration may be planning to ram the two-billion dollar arms bill through the House Committee to escape a thorough examination of the measure by its opponents.

He refused to reveal the names of organizations or individuals who have requested time to appear in opposition to the Map Bill. He said he didn't want to make it appear as if the committee were trying to "exclude or limit witnesses" by announcing the list and then not scheduling all.

Appearing before the committee thus far to support the bill have been high-ranking officials of the State Department, the armed forces and Economic Cooperation Administration. Other officials from the same agencies are scheduled to testify up to Friday.

VIOLATE ORDER

The committee served up an example of its contempt of opponents of the arms program by violating an order of the House that had been insisted upon by Rep. Vito Marcantonio (ALP-NY). Marcantonio objected to Kee's request that the house give its unanimous consent to allow a committee meeting while the House was in session.

Under House rules, the committee could not hold a meeting if there was one objection. Kee however, called committee members together, despite Marcantonio's objection.

They gathered to hear W. Averell Harriman, ECA's ambassador-at-large and Henry F. Grady Ambassador to Greece.

At the same time, two Senate committees before which the $1,825,000,000 arms program has been placed met behind closed doors with Secretary of State Dean Acheson and Secretary of Defense Louis Johnson to discuss modifications of the bill.

Objections to certain portions of the measure by some groups of senators was believed to have led the Administration to revise the bill. The objections thus far have been around the amount of money to be provided to insure arms shipments to 16 nations around the Soviet Union, and the extraordinary powers granted to the President.

SENATE DEFERS HEARING

To give the two Senate committees, Foreign Relations and Armed Services, time to agree to the Johnson-Acheson modifications which have thus far been kept secret, Sen Tom Connally (D-Tex) postponed hearings on the bill until Monday. another closed session with the framers of the measure will be held Friday.

Guinier at Noon Rally On 38 St. Today

Ewart Guinier, secretary-treasurer of the CIO United Public Workers and ALP candidate for Borough President of Manhattan, will speak at an open air rally against anti-Semitism and jimcrow today. The meeting will last from noon to 2 p.m., at 38th St. and Seventh Ave., and is sponsored by the Needle Trades Committee to Combat Anti-Semitism, in cooperation with the American Jewish Labor Council campaign for the passage of the Barrett bill, HR 3908.

The Barrett bill would outlaw the dissemination of anti-Semitic and anti-Negro propaganda through the mails.

Payoff for Clay

Gen. Lucius D. Clay, former military governor of the American zone of Germany, has been elected a director of the Marine Midland Trust Co., the bank announced today.

26 Attorneys Blast Nomination of Clark

Tom Clark's record on civil liberties has met with "universal condemnation" by citizens and members of the Bar, 26 prominent attorneys charged yesterday. Their statement said "there are serious questions as to whether Tom Clark possesses the necessary qualifications" for the post of U. S. Supreme Court justice.

The attorneys, who stated they were "concerned with civil liberties and the rights of organized labor," urged the Senate Judiciary Committee to hold full public hearings on President Truman's appointment of the Attorney General to the high court.

"Clark's record as Attorney General, his widespread use of the injunction against trade unions, his launching of a dragnet deportation drive reminiscent of his long discredited predecessor, Mitchell Palmer, his failure to enforce the Civil Rights statutes, have met with universal condemnation from those citizens and members of the Bar concerned with the preservation of constitutional liberties," the attorneys said.

They added that the man chosen to replace the late Justice Frank Murphy should be "as unswervingly devoted to the cause of human liberty as the late Justice."

Those who signed the statement were:

George Andersen, San Francisco, Calif.; Duke Avnet, Baltimore, Md.; Leonard B. Boudin, New York; Martin R. Bradley, Buffalo, N. Y.; George P. Casey, Hope, Ark.; Eugene Cotton, Chicago, Ill.; Russell M. Chase, Cleveland, O.; D'Arnold Davis, Cleveland, O.; Maurice P. Davidson, New York; Thomas I. Emerson, New Haven, Conn.; Samuel Gruber, Stamford, Conn.

Also, Chas. M. Goodwin, Cleveland, O.; Douglas Hall, Minneapolis, Minn.; Jerome R. Hellerstein, New York; Arthur Kinoy, New York; Sidney C. Kweskin, Stamford, Conn.; Samuel D. Menin, Denver, Colo.; Leon Novak, Schenectady, N. Y.; Harold M. Phillips, New York; O. John Rogge, New York; James F. Rosen, New Haven, Conn.; Herbert Resner, San Francisco, Calif.; Paul Ross, New York; Oliver Switzer, South Bend, Ind.; Elsie Torcai, Cleveland, O.; Louis Wilderman, Philadelphia, Pa.

STEEL LOCAL URGES NEGRO GET HIGH COURT POST

CLEVELAND, Aug. 2.—Local 1519 of the United Steel Workers at the American Steel and Wire Plant, with a membership of 1,500, urged President Truman to appoint a Negro to the Supreme Court.

The local's request to Truman was contained in a resolution which said, since "President Truman's program carried a strong civil rights plank, which thus far has been blocked entirely by the reactionary forces in the U. S. Congress," that "today he has the opportunity to salvage at least in part this promise."

HUNDREDS DIE AS BRITISH SINK CHINESE VESSELS

SHANGHAI, Aug. 2.—The New China News Agency said today that the British sloop Amethyst sank a Chinese steamer and many junks with a loss of hundreds of lives when it escaped down the Yangtze Saturday night.

The agency said the sloop invaded the Yangtze and shelled People's Army positions on April 20 and sank the steamer Kiangling Liberation and the junks which went to the steamer's rescue.

"Our troops were rescuing several hundred passengers, the majority of whom drowned when the Amethyst escaped," the New China News agency said.

It noted that Prime Minister Clement Attlee and King George cabled their personal congratulations to the ship and added:

"General Yuan Chung-hsien stated the people of China will never forget this tragic event and will avenge their compatriots who died April 20 and July 30."

The agency report, printed in the newspaper Hsin Min Pao, concluded that "as long as the British Government exists the people of China will pursue to the end the question of responsibility and insist on stern punishment of the double crime committed by the Amethyst."

BLAST RUTH FISCHER'S LIE ABOUT 'DANGEROUS' VISITOR

The fantastic story told by the Trotzkyite Ruth Fischer to a Senate Judiciary subcommittee that Mme. Marie-Claude Vaillant-Couturier had visited the United States with a sinister purpose was blasted yesterday by the Congress of American Women.

Ruth Fischer had stated that Trygve Lie, UN secretary general, had given consultative status to the Women's International Democratic Federation (WDIF), and has thus helped gain entry to the U. S. for Mme. Vaillant Couturier.

The answer by the CAW follows, in part:

"The WDIF received consultative status "B" from the UN Economic and Social Council with 31 other groups on March 28, 1947: anyone genuinely interested in the aims of the UN and willing to work for the unity of all peoples represented in it for peace is aware of the technical procedure necessary to achieve such status, and the privileges it affords.

"Only ignorant people, therefore, would attempt to make a mystery out of Mme. Vaillant-Couturier's visit. She came as an accredited representative of the WIDF, which has 81,000,000 members in 58 countries, to present to the UN Social and Economic Council the Federation's views on the status of women. While here, she was present at several sessions of the CAW convention.

"In addition to being secretary-general of the WDIF, Mme. Vaillant-Couturier is a member of the French Chamber of Deputies, appeared as a prosecution witness in the Nuremberg trials, and bears on her forearm her Auschwitz serial number.

"The CAW is an anti-fascist women's organization, which consists of American women of all political points of view, united on a program of democracy, racial and religious equality, and peace."

MME. VAILLANT-COUTURIER

Point of Order

By ALAN MAX

DEWEY blames the present depression on the last election results. But the only ones he counts as unemployed are Republican office-seekers.

Senate Unit Sets Hearings on Clark

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2.—Formal hearings on President Truman's nomination of Tom Clark to a Supreme Court bench will begin before the Senate Judiciary Committee next Tuesday, chairman Pat McCarran (D-Nev) announced today.

Under Senate rules, the committee will receive objections to the nomination for a week before the hearing.

State AFL Parley Applies 'Loyalty' Edict to Delegates

By Bernard Burton

SYRACUSE, Aug. 2.—After officially barring four Bakers' Union delegates the State Federation of Labor Convention today approved a list of "loyalty" qualifications which put to shame the procedures of the Hous Un-American Committee. Joseph Tuvim, chairman of the credentials committee, who is from the International Ladies Garment Workers Union, revealed that these are some of the questions put to delegates:

Are you or have you ever been a member of the Communist Party?

Have you ever been called upon to sign anti-Communist affidavits required by the Taft-Hartley law?

Has there been any switching of offices and positions in your local union in order to circumvent the signing of Taft-Hartley anti-Communist affidavits?

What is your position on the World Federation of Trade Unions?

What is your opinion of President Truman's "loyalty" order?

What is your opinion of the trial of the Communist leaders in Foley Square?

What do you think of Tom Clark's subversive list?

Have you ever criticized the U. S. government or any other government that has recognized the Greek and Turkish governments?

Do you support the Atlantic pact?

The bakers' delegates who were barred and who refused to submit to the committee's inquisition are John Curylo and Murray Miller of Local 3; Frank Dutto, president of Local 1; and Nathan Reiser, Local 164. Harry Reich, vice president of Cooks Local 89, and Jay Rubin, president of the New York Hotel Trades Council, refused to submit their credentials when they learned of the committee's intentions.

Francis J. McLaughlin, Hotel Front Service Local 144, was seated pending further investigation by the incoming executive council. Five other delegates, including three from the Rochester Laborers Union, were cleared and seated after appearing before the committee.

After a day of speeches by various notables, the convention steamroller disposed of 94 resolutions in about 15 minutes.

A proposal by a delegate from the State, County and Municipal Workers that the federation work for the defeat of all state legislators who opposed repeal of the Condon-Wadlin strikebreaking law was ignored and the matter was referred.

Among the speakers today were Joseph D. Keenan, national director of Labor's League for Political Education, political arm of the AFL; State Housing Commissioner Edward Corsi.

Assail Timone Assignment

The New York State Communist Party, in a telegram yesterday to Maximilian Moss, president of the New York City Board of Education, assailed the assignment of enforcement of the Feinberg witch-hunting law to the board's law committee headed by George Timone.

Timone's support of Franco, the telegram pointed out, and his "leadership in efforts to curtail use of public schools and in book-banning prove him to be subversive of democracy in our schools."

The telegram also asked Moss five question about the unconstitutional Feinberg Law:

"Is the New York City Board of Education going to flout our Constitution and Bill of Rights as State Legislature, Governor Dewey, and the Board of Regents have done? Why do you refuse to hold an adequate public hearing on this dangerous bill? Why have you allowed the enforcement to be placed in the hands of persons known for their undemocratic actions? Are you trying to conceal serious violations of democratic practices in New York City schools? Will it be considered 'subversive' to support Federal aid to public schools?"

Joe Worker has switched to a Worker subscription.

57 New Cases Of Polio Here

With 57 new cases of polio reported here in the last 24 hours, the highest for a single day, the total number of local cases for the year reached 424 yesterday. There were 34 deaths.

More than half of the total number of cases were in Brooklyn, which had 220. Queens had 94, Manhattan 58, Bronx 45 and Staten Island seven. Health Commissioner Harry S. Mustard said that the figures were not necessarily a cause for alarm, adding that the bulk of the cases usually occurred in August. Reports in the next few days would indicate the extent of the disease, which he had previously termed a mild epidemic.

Nationally the total number of cases was reported to be about 8,000, with 448 deaths reported.

Vets at Foley Square To Wear Citations

The Veterans Mobilization to Free Winston announced yesterday that vets marching at Foley Square this Friday noon will wear their citations, purple hearts, etc., on overseas caps. Ex-prisoners of war are asked to contact the organization at 23 W. 26th St., OR 9-1657, to arrange to be on a delegation that will see Judge Medina.

The Veterans Mobilization declared, "We are out to win Winston's freedom this week. No vet can leave the city this weekend with a clear conscience if our comrade-in-combat remains in that sweltering jail."

Calls U.S. Steel Pension Plan A Phony Deal

An insurance consultant for the CIO United Steelworkers told President Truman's fact-finding board yesterday that big steel's pension plan is just a device to create unemployment among the aged.

Insurance expert Murray W. Latimer charged that the current pension plan in the six operating subsidiaries of the U.S. Steel Corp. is "not a pension plan but a device for compelling the retirement of men who don't wish to retire but who wish to work . . . a device for creating unemployment among the aged."

Latimer appeared in support of the union's case for its 30-cent "package" hourly wage increase demand. The union is seeking 11.23 cents of that package to provide $125 monthly pensions for retired steel workers.

Latimer said that of the 722 retirement cases studied since July, 1947, most of the retired workers "did not qualify for a single cent of pension under the company plan."

His survey showed that the pension plan of U.S. Steel, which produces one-third of this country's steel, amounted to average monthly payments of less than $6 for those retiring at 65.

George Morris' World of Labor, a column reporting news and developments in the labor movement, appears daily in the Daily Worker and in the weekend Worker.

HI, HO, COME TO THE FAIR

Members of the Brownsville Young Progressives travel through town publicizing the "State Fair" to be held this Saturday at Dexter Park, Woodhaven. At the fair will be all-day entertainment, games, peep shows, midway attractions and food of all nations. Tickets in advance are $1.25, obtainable at YPA, 570 Seventh Ave, room 1003.
—Daily Worker Photo by Peter

BULLETIN

Chinese People's Army in New Thrust

HONG KONG, Aug. 2.—Reinforced People's Liberation troops were reported driving south from the Tungting Lake area today in a new thrust that threatened to split the Kuomintang forces and close a great pincers on Chiang Kai-shek's troops astride the Canton-Hankow railway.

Federal School Aid Bill Dies in House

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2.—The $300,000,000 federal aid-to-education bill died in the House Labor Committee today, victim of a campaign by the Catholic hierarchy.

Link Allen Dulles, Spellman to Plot

PRAGUE, Aug. 2.—The Czechoslovak Communist newspaper **Rude Pravo** asserted today that Allen Dulles, brother of John Foster Dulles, and Francis Cardinal Spellman are leaders in a secret organization which is plotting against the east European democracies.

It specifically charged Organization X with nurturing the church dispute in Czechoslovakia, including organization of nationwide riots.

Ask UN Halt Grab by South Africa Gov't

LAKE SUCCESS, N. Y., Aug. 2 (UP).—The International League for the Rights of Man today asked that the United Nations Security Council intervene to prevent South Africa from swallowing up the mandated territory of Southwest Africa.

Cops Attack Aussie Dockers' March

SYDNEY, Australia, Aug. 2.—Two hundred police today assaulted a parade of longshoremen, beating many and arresting 15 men and one woman. The workers had called a stoppage to protest efforts of the employers to halt payment of "appearance" money, paid the men for appearing when there is no work.

Tito Seeks Conquest of Bulgaria, Albania

BELGRADE, Yugoslavia, Aug. 2.—Marshal Tito today pledged Yugoslavia's full help to any "uprising" in Bulgaria or Albania aimed at overthrowing the People's Democratic Government.

Why Are They Still After Mark Twain?

Why Are the Hatchet-Men Still After Mark Twain? For the answer read Samuel Sillen's dramatic article on page 11 in this issue in which he discusses Mark Twain's suppressed writings against American imperialism.

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As Dimitrov Would Have It

ANTI-FASCIST HERO'S TEACHINGS LIVE AT MEMORIAL RALLY

By Lester Rodney

It may sound odd to those who weren't there, but the coming New York City elections were the heart of Monday night's Dimitrov Memorial Meeting at Manhattan Center.

For, as Daily Worker editor John Gates pointed out, it was Georgi Dimitrov, the Communist, who was the first prosecutor against Nazism and whose united front program began the counter-offensive that finished off Hitler.

And what is the big job in the New York City elections, if not the further application of the united front for peace and against the new developing fascism?

So when City Councilman Benjamin Davis attempted to slip quietly to a seat on the platform at the conclusion of youth leader Leon Wofsy's speech, there was a spontaneous standing cheer that stopped the program, a cheer that meant to put Ben back into the council in spite of the killing of PR, in spite of the cynical coalition against him.

And when Ben in turn spoke of the Roosevelt-La Guardia peoples' tradition, and came to the name of the fighting Congressman who will give Gotham's workers a peoples' alternative to dime-fare, police-brutality O'Dwyer and the Dewey-Dubinsky man Morris, the house came down again. "Yeah, Marcantonio!" was the response to Ben.

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Auspices: New York State Committee and Queens County Committee, Communist Party

Call Chicago Parley on Anti-Negro Mob Attacks

By Rub Cooper

CHICAGO, Aug. 2.—An emergency conference has been called for Saturday by the Civil Rights Congress here to act on the anti-Negro mob violence threatening the home of Roscoe Johnson. The conference will be held Saturday, at 1:30 p.m., at the Midland Hotel, CRC executive secretary Arthur P. Price announced.

Price indicated the parley would go beyond the attacks on the Johnson home and move to stem the widespread terrorism against Negroes throughout the city.

"The attacks on the Johnsons are part of a pattern of spreading terror against Negroes inspired by the big real estate interests and Ku Klux Klan elements," Price charged.

VIOLENCE GROWS

"This violence has been growing consistently over the past year as Negroes have moved out of the ghettos and into new areas," he said.

It was pointed out that at least six similar reported instances of anti-Negro violence have occurred in recent weeks in the nearby Park Manor community, where Negro homes were bombed, burned or subjected to burning KKK crosses.

Large-scale mob violence also broke out in the last year around two veterans' housing projects, Fernwood and Airport Homes, when Negro vets moved in.

Statistics compiled by the Mayor's Commission on Human Relations and Civil Rights organizations here indicate that anti-Negro terroristic acts have been mounting steadily the past few years.

10 LOST LIVES

It is estimated that last year alone more than 70 cases were reported of Negro homes being bombed or burned, with the most shocking example being the arson in a West Ohio St. tenement where 10 Negroes, including women and children, lost their lives.

Over 300 persons from trade unions and other organizations are expected to attend Saturday's CRC emergency conference, which is expected to lay the groundwork for an early conference to defend the rights of Negroes.

Meanwhile, a tense quiet prevailed in the area of the Johnson home, with more than 200 police still standing guard and the mob ringleaders apparently waiting for withdrawal of police before renewing any attacks.

It was learned that numerous threatening telephone calls were received last night by the Johnsons, warning them to move from their recently purchased home.

Indications appeared, however, that the anti-Negro front in the neighborhood was being cracked in many instances. Dozens of white progressives, organized by the CRC, have been canvassing the community daily, exposing the realty interest propaganda. Leaflets distributed over the weekend were reported to have been warmly received by many residents.

The participants in last Monday's mob violence also appear to have been visibly shaken by the large number of white progressives streaming daily into the Johnson home with food or opposing the anti-Negro attacks in group discussions.

A mass meeting last night of more than 1,000 Negroes in Washington Park, in the heart of the South Side Negro community, denounced the mob violence and addressed a demand to Mayor Martin Kennelly to publicly condemn it and assure the right of the Johnsons to reside in the community.

Jury Disagrees At Trial of Steel Unionists

KALAMAZOO, Mich., Aug. 1.—The jury trying five officials of the CIO United Steel workers Union for riot conspiracy was discharged today when it failed to agree on a verdict.

Among the defendants was Thomas Shane, Michigan and Ohio district director of the CIO-USW.

The unionists were accused of conspiring to riot at the struck Shakespeare fishing tackle plant here last Dec. 1.

Three of the original 11 defendants were excused early in preliminary hearings for later trial. Three others were freed of the charges at the prosecution's request last week.

The remaining five were bound over to the September Circuit Court term for a new trial.

Assail Timone Assignment

The New York State Communist Party, in a telegram yesterday to Maximilian Moss, president of the New York City Board of Education, assailed the assignment of enforcement of the Feinberg witch-hunting law to the board's law committee headed by George Timone.

Timone's support of Franco, the telegram pointed out, and his "leadership in efforts to curtail use of public schools and in book-banning prove him to be subversive of democracy in our schools."

The telegram also asked Moss five question about the unconstitutional Feinberg Law:

"Is the New York City Board of Education going to flout our Constitution and Bill of Rights as State Legislature, Governor Dewey, and the Board of Regents have done? Why do you refuse to hold an adequate public hearing on this dangerous bill? Why have you allowed the enforcement to be placed in the hands of persons known for their undemocratic actions? Are you trying to conceal serious violations of democratic practices in New York City schools? Will it be considered 'subversive' to support Federal aid to public schools?"

State Farms Instruct Manchuria Peasants

MUKDEN, Manchuria (ALN).—Seventeen publicly-owned mechanized farms which were organized for production last spring are expected to turn out more than 30,000 tons of wheat, rice, soy beans, corn and other products this year, it was announced here.

More than 200 tractors have been used on the 55,000 acres under cultivation. The experience gained on these mechanized farms will be used to teach peasants in other sections of Manchuria. Two tractor teams are now assisting farmers in the Mukden area to raise their agricultural output.

Capitalism: Destroying Food Again

PUYALLUP, Wash., Aug. 2 (FP).—Once again the deliberate destruction of food is becoming a common sight in the fertile Puyallup valley, the "fruit and vegetable basket" for the Seattle-Tacoma metropolitan centers.

Farmers have begun plowing under huge lettuce fields because of a price drop and threaten to do the same with other crops. Growers complain wholesalers are offering only 80 cents a crate and say they cannot meet California competition.

Yet amid deliberate crop destruction the U. S. Commerce Department reported that April food sales in Seattle were 10 percent below the same month in 1948.

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—Daily Worker Photo by Peter

MEMBERS OF DALLAS RIGHTS BODY REFUSE TO BE SPIES

By Ed Hardy

DALLAS, Tex., Aug. 2.—The Dallas County Grand Jury Tuesday subpenaed two members of the United Committee for Human Rights to testify and act as stool-pigeons against other members of the committee and demanded that they turn over the committee's records. The two have refused to deliver the organizational records and have rejected the witch-hunting examination of the Grand Jury. Contempt proceedings against them may follow as a result of their refusal.

Attorney General Tom Clark has a hand in the persecution of the members of the UCHR, it was reported.

The two who were subpenaed were Sam Barbaria, Progressive Party candidate for County Court judge last summer, and Mrs. Irene Morris, secretary of the committee.

The United Committee for Human Rights was organized recently under the leadership of Rev. B. R. Riley, a leading Negro Minister and president of the local National Association for the Advancement of Colored People. The committee has undertaken an intensive campaign to end lynch violence and police terror against the Negro people of Dallas. The UCHR led the fight for prosecution of three whites who viciously beat and attempted to murder Bennie Sanders, an 18-year-old Negro employe at Harvey Chandler's Cafe.

At one point during the four-hour beating of Sanders, the Klan-minded attackers planned to shoot him, but later decided to take him to the river bottoms where the murder would be undetected. During the shift in plans Sanders escaped with the aid of a courageous Negro woman who held off the attackers at gun point.

JURY'S PRETEXT

On the pretext of investigating the beating of Sanders, the Dallas Grand Jury has started a campaign to intimidate the members of the committee and cover up the failure of the Police Department and the District Attorney to arrest and prosecute those who attacked Sanders.

The UCHR had also undertaken to expose the District Attorney for using a confession of "rape" beaten from Clifton Okra, a Negro, by the Dallas Police. Okra is now serving a life sentence as a result of this frameup.

The Grand Jury has indicated that other members of the United Committee for Human Rights will be subpenaed to testify.

Protests should be directed to Will Wilson, District Attorney of Dallas County, demanding an end to the persecution of the committee. Protests should also be made to Robert A. Wilson, foreman of the County Grand Jury, Dallas, Texas.

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Witchhunter Clark Was Stooge for Oil Firms

By Art Shields

Witchhunter Tom Clark, whom President Truman has nominated for the U.S. Supreme Court, was a $12,000-a-year representative of the oil interests of Texas and a paid lobbyist for the Texas chain stores before he went into the Department of Justice in 1937.

The chain stores hired Clark to kill the chain store tax bill. This tax was intended to protect the little cross roads grocery stores that the giant mercantile trusts were putting out of business.

The present Attorney General's payroll ties to Texas big business were not generally known to the public. They were brought out into the open in 1937 by a Texas State Senate investigating committee, that was checking up on the sources of the income of this lawyer-politician.

Clark was hired by the trusts as a contact man with the state government after his law partner, William McGraw, became state attorney general in 1935.

Clark's employer in the oil industry was the Texas Petroleum Council, which was set up by oil companies in the Lone Star state. The industry is dominated by such petroleum giants as the Rockefellers' Standard Oil companies, the huge Texas Corp., which works with the Rockefellers; the Mellons' Gulf Oil Co., and the Pew family and other oil tycoons.

Clark's chain store boss was the big Safeway Stores, Inc., whose assets added up to $59,000,000 at that time.

Clark has been a big business agent in the federal government ever since Sen. Tom Connally and Rep. Hatton W. Sumners and other anti-New Dealers in Texas managed to get him appointed to the Department of Justice.

His anti-trust prosecutions as Assistant Attorney General, in charge of the anti-trust division in 1943 and as Attorney General since 1945 have been a sham.

Tom Clark hasn't sent a single Rockefeller, Mellon, Pew or other trust magnate to jail. He was too busy jailing working men and working women.

"There'll be no witchhunting . . ." — against big business, he assured the trusts when he was put in charge of the anti-trust division in 1943.

His only witchhunting is against Labor.

Clark will continue his anti-labor witchhunting and his Jimcrow attacks on the Negro people from the highest court in the land if the Senate confirms his appointment.

Protests against his nomination must be rushed to Sen. Pat McCarran, chairman of the Senate Judiciary Committee.

Every freedom-loving American must wire or write his Senator to reject Clark's appointment and to insist on open Judiciary Committee hearings when his name comes up for confirmation.

House Unit to Limit Arms Bill Opponents

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2.—Opponents of the Administration's Military Assistance Program will get little time to testify before the House Foreign Affairs Committee, chairman John Kee (D-W. Va) told the Daily Worker today.

"We only have time for a few witness," Kee said. "We're going to pick out the more important witnesses who have some information to give us."

Kee's statement indicated that the Administration may be planning to ram the two-billion dollar arms bill through the House Committee to escape a thorough examination of the measure by its opponents.

He refused to reveal the names of organizations or individuals who have requested time to appear in opposition to the Map Bill. He said he didn't want to make it appear as if the committee were trying to "exclude or limit witnesses" by announcing the list and then not scheduling all.

Appearing before the committee thus far to support the bill have been high-ranking officials of the State Department, the armed forces and Economic Cooperation Administration. Other officials from the same agencies are scheduled to testify up to Friday.

VIOLATE ORDER

The committee served up an example of its contempt of opponents of the arms program by violating an order of the House that had been insisted upon by Rep. Vito Marcantonio (ALP-NY). Marcantonio objected to Kee's request that the house give its unanimous consent to allow a committee meeting while the House was in session.

Under House rules, the committee could not hold a meeting if there was one objection. Kee however, called committee members together, despite Marcantonio's objection.

They gathered to hear W. Averell Harriman, ECA's ambassador-at-large and Henry F. Grady Ambassador to Greece.

At the same time, two Senate committees before which the $1,825,000,000 arms program has been placed met behind closed doors with Secretary of State Dean Acheson and Secretary of Defense Louis Johnson to discuss modifications of the bill.

Objections to certain portions of the measure by some groups of senators was believed to have led the Administration to revise the bill. The objections thus far have been around the amount of money to be provided to insure arms shipments to 16 nations around the Soviet Union, and the extraordinary powers granted to the President.

SENATE DEFERS HEARING

To give the two Senate committees, Foreign Relations and Armed Services, time to agree to the Johnson-Acheson modifications which have thus far been kept secret, Sen Tom Connally (D-Tex) postponed hearings on the bill until Monday. another closed session with the framers of the measure will be held Friday.

Guinier at Noon Rally On 38 St. Today

Ewart Guinier, secretary-treasurer of the CIO United Public Workers and ALP candidate for Borough President of Manhattan, will speak at an open air rally against anti-Semitism and jimcrow today. The meeting will last from noon to 2 p.m., at 38th St. and Seventh Ave., and is sponsored by the Needle Trades Committee to Combat Anti-Semitism, in cooperation with the American Jewish Labor Council campaign for the passage of the Barrett bill, HR 3908.

The Barrett bill would outlaw the dissemination of anti-Semitic and anti-Negro propaganda through the mails.

Payoff for Clay

Gen. Lucius D. Clay, former military governor of the American zone of Germany, has been elected a director of the Marine Midland Trust Co., the bank announced today.

26 Attorneys Blast Nomination of Clark

Tom Clark's record on civil liberties has met with "universal condemnation" by citizens and members of the Bar, 26 prominent attorneys charged yesterday. Their statement said "there are serious questions as to whether Tom Clark possesses the necessary qualifications" for the post of U. S. Supreme Court justice.

The attorneys, who stated they were "concerned with civil liberties and the rights of organized labor," urged the Senate Judiciary Committee to hold full public hearings on President Truman's appointment of the Attorney General to the high court.

"Clark's record as Attorney General, his widespread use of the injunction against trade unions, his launching of a dragnet deportation drive reminiscent of his long discredited predecessor, Mitchell Palmer, his failure to enforce the Civil Rights statutes, have met with universal condemnation from those citizens and members of the Bar concerned with the preservation of constitutional liberties," the attorneys said.

They added that the man chosen to replace the late Justice Frank Murphy should be "as unswervingly devoted to the cause of human liberty as the late Justice."

Those who signed the statement were:

George Andersen, San Francisco, Calif.; Duke Avnet, Baltimore, Md.; Leonard B. Boudin, New York; Martin R. Bradley, Buffalo, N. Y.; George P. Casey, Hope, Ark.; Eugene Cotton, Chicago, Ill.; Russell M. Chase, Cleveland, O.; D'Arnold Davis, Cleveland, O.; Maurice P. Davidson, New York; Thomas I. Emerson, New Haven, Conn.; Samuel Gruber, Stamford, Conn.

Also, Chas. M. Goodwin, Cleveland, O.; Douglas Hall, Minneapolis, Minn.; Jerome R. Hellerstein, New York; Arthur Kinoy, New York; Sidney C. Kweskin, Stamford, Conn.; Samuel D. Menin, Denver, Colo.; Leon Novak, Schenectady, N. Y.; Harold M. Phillips, New York; O. John Rogge, New York; James F. Rosen, New Haven, Conn.; Herbert Resner, San Francisco, Calif.; Paul Ross, New York; Oliver Switzer, South Bend, Ind.; Elsie Torcai, Cleveland, O.; Louis Wilderman, Philadelphia, Pa.

STEEL LOCAL URGES NEGRO GET HIGH COURT POST

CLEVELAND, Aug. 2.—Local 1519 of the United Steel Workers at the American Steel and Wire Plant, with a membership of 1,500, urged President Truman to appoint a Negro to the Supreme Court.

The local's request to Truman was contained in a resolution which said, since "President Truman's program carried a strong civil rights plank, which thus far has been blocked entirely by the reactionary forces in the U. S. Congress," that "today he has the opportunity to salvage at least in part this promise."

HUNDREDS DIE AS BRITISH SINK CHINESE VESSELS

SHANGHAI, Aug. 2.—The New China News Agency said today that the British sloop Amethyst sank a Chinese steamer and many junks with a loss of hundreds of lives when it escaped down the Yangtze Saturday night.

The agency said the sloop invaded the Yangtze and shelled People's Army positions on April 20 and sank the steamer Kiangling Liberation and the junks which went to the steamer's rescue.

"Our troops were rescuing several hundred passengers, the majority of whom drowned when the Amethyst escaped," the New China News agency said.

It noted that Prime Minister Clement Attlee and King George cabled their personal congratulations to the ship and added:

"General Yuan Chung-hsien stated the people of China will never forget this tragic event and will avenge their compatriots who died April 20 and July 30."

The agency report, printed in the newspaper Hsin Min Pao, concluded that "as long as the British Government exists the people of China will pursue to the end the question of responsibility and insist on stern punishment of the double crime committed by the Amethyst."

BLAST RUTH FISCHER'S LIE ABOUT 'DANGEROUS' VISITOR

The fantastic story told by the Trotzkyite Ruth Fischer to a Senate Judiciary subcommittee that Mme. Marie-Claude Vaillant-Couturier had visited the United States with a sinister purpose was blasted yesterday by the Congress of American Women.

Ruth Fischer had stated that Trygve Lie, UN secretary general, had given consultative status to the Women's International Democratic Federation (WDIF), and has thus helped gain entry to the U. S. for Mme. Vaillant Couturier.

The answer by the CAW follows, in part:

"The WDIF received consultative status "B" from the UN Economic and Social Council with 31 other groups on March 28, 1947: anyone genuinely interested in the aims of the UN and willing to work for the unity of all peoples represented in it for peace is aware of the technical procedure necessary to achieve such status, and the privileges it affords.

"Only ignorant people, therefore, would attempt to make a mystery out of Mme. Vaillant-Couturier's visit. She came as an accredited representative of the WIDF, which has 81,000,000 members in 58 countries, to present to the UN Social and Economic Council the Federation's views on the status of women. While here, she was present at several sessions of the CAW convention.

"In addition to being secretary-general of the WDIF, Mme. Vaillant-Couturier is a member of the French Chamber of Deputies, appeared as a prosecution witness in the Nuremberg trials, and bears on her forearm her Auschwitz serial number.

"The CAW is an anti-fascist women's organization, which consists of American women of all political points of view, united on a program of democracy, racial and religious equality, and peace."

MME. VAILLANT-COUTURIER

Point of Order

By ALAN MAX

DEWEY blames the present depression on the last election results. But the only ones he counts as unemployed are Republican office-seekers.

Senate Unit Sets Hearings on Clark

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2.—Formal hearings on President Truman's nomination of Tom Clark to a Supreme Court bench will begin before the Senate Judiciary Committee next Tuesday, chairman Pat McCarran (D-Nev) announced today.

Under Senate rules, the committee will receive objections to the nomination for a week before the hearing.

Life in Prison

A Letter from Henry Winston to His Wife

(Continued from Page 1)

record read the following morning, "for the duration of the trial."

•

I COULD NOT HELP but reflect on how a human mind with cold and calculated indifference could place "dignity" above that of prevention of the burning of human bodies, even though such bodies may be those of the oppressed Negro people. How is it possible for one to disregard an earnest and factual statement with callous and cynical indifference?

I could find the answer only in the growth of fascist reaction where the dignity of the Judge becomes paramount when lives of Negroes are involved. I recalled that Supreme Court Justice Taney, in 1850, almost a hundred years ago, made the statement that "a Negro had no rights that a white man was bound to respect." And certainly Judge Medina was not bound to respect me or my rights even if I protest against lynching Negroes.

My illegal jailing, unheard of in the annals of United States law, came because a Negro dared to defend the position taken by a white Communist. A protest against a 30-day sentence by the Judge himself. Thus, I didn't get 30 days, nor 60 days, but an indeterminate sentence—"duration of trial."

•

AND BECAUSE GUS HALL, Chairman of the Ohio Communist Party, joined in the protest and characterized kangaroo justice as being more liberal, he was sentenced for the duration. Five days later, when it was learned that we were wrongly and illegally committed by a clerk, not by the Judge's signature, after an appeal to Judge Liebell, we were then cited on the record for "contempt of court." With the addition that Hall and I, in a threatening manner, advanced several steps towards the bench and that we were given an opportunity to state why sentence should not be imposed.

Neither of these things happened. But the record says they did. And they were put in the record by Judge Medina.

It was later that Gil Green, Chairman of the Illinois Communist Party was similiarly committed for "duration of trial" for simply asking if we'd have an opportunity to present our case. The excluded document over which Gil was jailed," written by Gil and Gene and stating the Party's attitude to questions of democracy and fascism, was later admitted as a result of determined protest. But Gil is still in jail.

•

GIL HAS ALREADY been on the stand, but this is still before Gus and me. It is clear now, much clearer, that among other reasons for our imprisonment is to make it more difficult for us to present our case, curtail our defense; make it more difficult to answer the manufactured lies of the prosecution; and "prepare" under conditions where it is impossible to prepare. And for Gus and me the impossible situation where material is inspected by guards attached to the Department of Justice.

Would this not in normal times call for a mistrial? But such ordinary rules of law don't apply to Communists today. Tomorrow, unless checked, they will apply to all others.

It is with extreme difficulty that one attempts to prepare. Our preparations necessarily have to be inadequate, separated as we are from documents, books, and other source material, not to speak of needed hours for refreshing one's recollection, in the trial of a political party the first of its kind in the entire history of the United States.

I'm sure that the labor and Negro people's movement, given the facts, will awaken to the new dangers; that the Voltaire liberals will understand that this is the moment not for retreat but for an advanced and united action against reaction.

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HERE IS OUR SCHEDULE for the last 59 days. The whistle blows at 6 and breakfast at 7. We clean cell at 7:30 and must be ready for court call at 9. After changing clothing, we usually have to wait 45 minutes in an unventilated cell where it's extremely hot and you become drenched with perspiration. At 9:45 we are in formation with a guard in front and rear; down the hallway to the outer office where we sign out and are then handcuffed at approximately 9:50. We leave the jail and go into the patrol wagon around 9:55.

Around 10:05 or 10:10 we arrive in Foley Sq. where handcuffs are taken off, and, we are then led into the prison room to wait until 10:25. Then we are taken on an elevator under guard to the court room. At 10:30 the court session begins. At 11:30, a 10-minute recess where in we are placed in a separate room, separated from the other defendants who cannot come in to talk to us. At 11:40 court resumes until 1 p. m.

Then we recess for lunch until 2:30, but neither wives nor other defendants may see us. The guards won't permit it. The Judge refuses every such request. The chief marshall refuses. He refers us to Washington and Washington refuses to act.

At 2:30 we return to court until 3:30. Then a ten minute recess. The Court reconvenes at 3:40 and continues to adjournment at 4:30. Then we are led onto the elevator by guards and into the prison room, where we usually wait again for 20 minutes. Again handcuffed at around 5 p. m. and into the patrol wagon and back to jail.

At 5 p. m., or a little after, handcuffs off, search, line up

(Continued on Page 10)

The New Lineup at The UAW Convention

By Nat Ganley and Sid Stein

The 12th convention of the United Auto Workers recently concluded in Milwaukee. Throughout the convention and since, the Big Business press has kept up a steady chatter about the great victories that Reuther won at the convention, and that Reuther was now undisputed master of the 1,000,000 UAW members.

Reporting the convention from the angle of playing up the great prowess of Reuther is obviously a method for distorting the meaning of the issues faced by the members of the UAW, and is designed to strengthen the prestige of the Social Democratic demagogic Reuther, whose stock received heavy jolts in the past year as a result of the debacle of his heralded escalator clause plan, and the recent sell-out of the demands of the workers in the Ford and Bendix strikes.

A sober and objective review of the convention will disclose the following main facts:

1. This convention registered the fact that since the victory of Reuther at the previous convention, a new lineup of forces is emerging in the UAW. The old divisions based upon the Thomas-Addes-Leonard versus Reuther caucus is a thing of the past.

For the first time since the demise of the Addes-Leonard-Thomas coalition in 1946-47, the beginnings of an anti-Reuther bloc emerged, inclusive of the Communists, and broader than the pre-convention Progressive Unity Caucus headed by Tracy Doll and Sam Sage. The bloc issued material to the delegates at the convention, and had its top candidate, W. G. Grant, challenge Reuther to a debate during the convention on the issue that Reuther's leadership and policies were harmful to the UAW. Reuther refused to debate.

The bloc ran a full slate of candidates for top office, including the Ford local Negro leader Bill Johnson for international vice-president. It ran candidates for regional directors in the two Detroit regions (1 and 1a) and succeeded in making key policy speeches in accepting the nominations, outlining a minimum program on the economic and political issues confronting the auto workers (the acceptance speeches of W. G. Grant, Bill Johnson, James Lindahl and John DeVito.) Additional leaders stepped forward in the anti-Reuther bloc such as James Lindall, secretary of Packard Local 190, the candidate for secretary-treasurer against Mazey at the convention; Ed Lock, Ford Local 600, and Harry Weaver, prexy of Local 202, who jointly chaired the caucus meetings.

VOTES COMPARED

Although very much in the minority in a convention with over 2,000 delegates and 9,000 votes, the votes won by the anti-Reuther bloc have a marked significance. In 1947 DeVito got 303 votes running against Reuther for the presidency (with 1,218 abstentions) and Shelton Tappes got 560 votes for vice-president running against Livingston and Leonard.

At the 1949 convention the votes were: Grant-for-president 638; Lindahl for secretary-treasurer 549; For vice-presidents De Vito 548 and Johnson 875.

Thus the clear-cut left vote against Reuther was greater at this convention than at the 11th convention in 1947. The anti-Reuther vote directly represented at least 100,000 auto workers back home. And these results should be compared with Reuther's claim made after the 1947 convention that he had completely destroyed his opposition in the UAW-CIO.

At the 1947 convention Tappes picked up only 19 Reuther votes, while at the 12th convention Bill Johnson got 334 votes from delegates who voted for Reuther for president. Johnson proved to be the broadest candidate in the anti-Reuther column.

On Detroit's east side (Region 1) Harry Weaver's race for the Board constituted a growing threat to Matthews. Weaver got 545 votes to 1,113 for Matthews. In Reg. 4 (Illinois) Pat Greathouse was driven close to defeat by another right wing candidate. Greathouse won by only 44 votes. In Region 2 (Ohio) the anti-Reuther candidate, John Wilse, ran a close losing race against the Reutherite O'Mally with a vote of 186 to 156. In Region 6 (California) Cy O'Halloran, Reutherite Regional Director, won the race with 101 votes, while 109 votes were either cast against him or abstained from voting. But there was no clear Reuther vs. Anti-Reuther lineup in this race.

All in all the convention showed the emergence of a progressive bloc, which although as yet small in numbers (it embraces about 200 delegates at the convention) and not yet fully ready at all times to meet the issues head on, was nevertheless a resounding voice in behalf of the best interests of 1,000,000 UAW members.

GRANT'S SPEECH

Particularly sharp was the indictment of the Reuther policies contained in the speeches of the progressive candidates. Thus, W. G. Grant, running for President against Reuther, said:

"Those who say that officials of unions can be labor statesmen who service management's profiteering interests while at the same time protecting the best interests of their union membership are barking up the wrong three . . . . You can't stay balanced in that middle position. Those who try it always flop over on the side of management . . . And when you try this balancing act what do you get? You get two-year contract freezes, company security clauses, wages sliding down an escalator and the kind of settlement on speed-up unfortunately secured in Ford and Bendix."

Likewise the speech of Johnson, an outstanding leader of the Progressives in Ford Local 600, and only Negro worker running for office in the convention, is an out-

(Continued on Page 8)

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What's On?

Tonight Manhattan

SAMUEL SILLEN will discuss Whitman, 4th in a series of "Five Giants of World Literature" at the Jefferson School, 575 6th Ave., 8:15. Sub. $1.

SIDNEY FINKELSTEIN will lead discussion on Music of Modern Composers, Jefferson School, 575 6th Ave., 8:15. Sub. $1.

FOLK DANCING of many nations. Instruction, delightfully cool. Rose Slay, director. Cultural Folk Dance Group, 126 E. 16th St.

Life of the Party, by Elizabeth Gurley Flynn, appears in the Daily Worker Tuesday and Friday.

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Around the Globe

By Joseph Starobin

Congress' Sham Battle On the Arms Program

FROM THE HEMMING and hawing about the President's Military Aid Program that's now being heard in Washington, it becomes clear that nine-tenths of the Congressional opposition is sheer baloney, and the Republicans are merely going through the motions of a "loyal opposition." Unless Congress is shaken up by the real and powerful peace sentiments prevalent among the people, it can't be relied upon to interfere with the Administration's war-preparing policy in any important essentials. As a wise man by the name of Friedrich Engels pointed out a long time ago, the capitalist class is able to rule in a bourgeois democracy by means of continual deception of the people, and in the case of the arms program, the Congressional opposition which has bourgeoned up is largely deceptive. Its main purpose is to give the illusion of a real battle, when actually only a sham battle is taking place.

It was a well-known friend of Engels by the name of Karl Marx who once observed that in the United States the people are given the opportunity to vote every four years for who shall mis-represent them. The force of this wise-crack grows with every passing month when we see a Congress supposedly elected to preserve the peace together with a President whose promise was peace actually sparring about details, while preserving the substance of a war-preparing program.

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ARTHUR KROCK in last Sunday's Times goes so far as to suggest that the Administration deliberately asks for more than it knows it needs or can get from Congress in order to be able to "compromise" on a program that maintains its basic objectives. Mr. Krock writes a very cynical piece. He is an admirer of the suave, polished manner of the Secretary of State in the latter's dealings with Congress. He considers Mr. Acheson a sword-swallower, who hypnotizes critical Congressmen, taking the edge off their assaults on his program, while getting the main aim in the end. Krock all but admits that the swords are not real ones, and the blades have been deliberately dulled in advance.

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TAKE THE "OPPOSITION'S" complaints one by one, and see for yourself. In the Administration's bill, the President is permitted to send arms to any nation, anywhere, if he deems it in the interests of the United States. This has raised a hue and cry in the House, as it properly should. But the "compromise" is already developing. It turns out that the acceptable version of the bill would simply limit the dragon's teeth to be sown to the Atlantic Pact countries, Turkey, Greece, Iran, Korea and China.

But, obviously, the countries enumerated are the ones in which American imperialism has the most immediate interest, from the viewpoint of militarization. Such a "compromise" would hardly disturb the Pentagon at all. It probably didn't want anything more in the first place.

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AS FOR THE DISPUTE on the time limit of the arms program and its first-year cost, this also looks very much like shadow-boxing. It is going to take several years to accomplish the Atlantic Pact program, and the Administration really doesn't mind very much if Congress reviews the program after the first year. Holding up appropriations and submitting them to periodic debate represents a good form of blackmail of our "allies" anyway. And once the MAP is started, the Administration figures it won't be stopped. The idea of cutting the initial appropriation by a third is more serious to the Pentagon and the State Department. But even at that, the provision to finance $450,000,000 worth of surplus arms at the cut-rate cost of $75 million would bring the initial figure up to a billion and a half anyway, even if the whole sum were halved.

As for integrating the administrative set up with the Atlantic Pact structure, this is hardly a serious difference. All wings of American imperialism want to get a stranglehold on the defense establishments of the "allied" countries, and the Atlantic Pact procedures are as good a technique as any.

"We have a fair division of labor. . . . They work."

Letters from Readers

Planning More Runaway Shops

New York

Editor, Daily Worker:

With unemployment getting more prevalent, I thought the American people would be interested in the following clipping from the financial pages of the **New York Times** of July 16th:

"High production costs in this country were said by foreign trade executives yesterday to be prompting studies as to the practicability of having a greater amount of large-volume goods finishing done in cheaper labor markets abroad, and using lower-cost shipping for forwarding. The cheaper labor in Puerto Rico is said to have been utilized by some domestic concerns which later brought finished goods back to this country."

The American capitalists are always spouting about their concern for the American worker. Here is proof of their hypocrisy—their hunt for cheap foreign labor. —G.S.

Press Roundup

THE TIMES again devotes its lead editorial to the Arms Bill, attempting to build up Gen. Marshall's testimony in favor of sending billions of dollars worth of weapons to Europe to fight the Soviet Union. It attempts to portray Marshall, a professional soldier, as an all-wise statesman giving sage advice to a waiting nation. But it still adds up to Marshall endorsing the Marshall Plan.

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THE HERALD TRIBUNE also devotes its first editorial to the Arms Bill, speaking for the so-called opposition. However, the editorial is a confession that the opposition is phony. Says the **Trib:** "It is unreasonable for Congressmen to say now that nothing must be done toward rearming western Europe. . . . A beginning on European rearmament is essential. But the beginning will advance far more rapidly when our own policy-makers have discovered what it is that they are really doing, have related their plans to the realities and have found some way of explaining what they are about in understandable terms to the American people and their representatives." In other words, the **Trib** wants better salesmanship for an unpopular war program.

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THE COMPASS praises the American Civil Liberties Union for backing Mrs. Roosevelt against Cardinal Spellman, and criticizes it for remaining silent on President Truman's appointment of Tom Clark to the Supreme Court. It demands that the ACLU speak up now, terming its silence "ominous."

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THE NEWS attacks Sen. Pat McCarran (D-Nev) for saying that war with the Soviet Union is "inevitable." Let's have no more of that, says the News. But in its two other editorials of the day, the slick News demands establishment of a "West Point of the Air" and that U. S. should not share its atom knowledge with any nation. Real peaceful fellows.

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THE JOURNAL-AMERICAN calls fascist Spain "the key to a strong Europe," demanding what would amount to an alliance between the U. S. and the bloody dictator Franco

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THE SUN attacks European nations for competing with U. S. business. It does so by criticizing them for keeping their tariffs high. That's horrid "nationalism" to the **Sun.**

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THE POST defends the China policy of the Administration, calling it one of "inaction" in contrast to the Dewey demand for full intervention in China. It omits the fact that the "inaction" policy has already sent about five billion dollars down the Chiang Kai-shek rathole, that the U. S. still recognizes the defeated and bankrupt gang of Chiang's as a government, although it has neither strength nor authority, that it connives with Chiang to maintain a hopeless war in China and that it helps maintain a blockade of free China.

World of Labor

By George Morris

The ITU Scoreboard After Two Years

THE INTERNATIONAL Typographical Union, which will mark its hundredth anniversary next December, will hold its 91st convention in Oakland next week. The convention holds unusual interest because it will round out two years of resistance to the Taft-Hartley law.

The ITU, having developed its working rules through generations, had more to lose by playing the Taft-Hartley game than almost any other union. Hence, this AFL union's fate to be in the forefront of the resistance movement against the anti-labor law. The union went into the fight with full force and spent millions of dollars (and the members gave willingly) to finance this war against T-H and the American Newspaper Publishers Association.

When I was in Chicago recently, with the thermometer at about 95, I saw ITU persistence dramatized in the marching pickets before one of the newspapers. That strike is 20 months old.

The fight of the ITU has been essentially a struggle for free unionism and autonomy. This union was independent for several years, until 1944, because it refused to submit to the dictates of the AFL's executive council. The ITU, whose past president, Charles Howard, was one of the founders of the CIO, refused to pay an extra per capita for an anti-CIO war chest.

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THE MONEY was a negligible element in ITU finances, but it refused to submit in the slightest degree to an effort by the AFL's top leaders to influence its attitude to the CIO. When the union returned to the fold, it was on its own terms. The anti-CIO war tax was abolished.

The same stubborn refusal to submit to government dictation is the deciding element in the ITU's present fight. The union takes the attitude that it dealt directly with employers for a century and got along fairly well; why should the government butt in now and decide what rules may or may not be in force, and who could or could not run for office in the union? On this attitude there is a united front of both conservative and left members in the union.

When the T-H law took effect, the ITU decided to sign no affidavits and sign no contracts with employers, but just to post the rules under which the members would work. It took an extraordinary discipline in a membership scattered among some 900 cities, to make the policy effective. The ANPA spent more than did the ITU to influence the locals.

In the two years, there have been only three locals that broke ranks and signed what the union terms illegal contracts. These are Akron, San Francisco and Pittsburgh. Vice president Larry Taylor of the ITU gives the score in the published report to the membership.

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THE PAST YEAR resulted in wage increases in 1,177 contracts—637 on newspapers, 544 on job printing and 224 combined. The wage scale increased substantially to bring the average weekly day rate to $80.42 and the night rate to $90.57. The work week on newspapers is 35 hours.

The year before showed 271 scales of $75 a week or more. The number in the past year grew to 704. Taylor notes similar improvements in vacation, paid holidays and other benefits. He claims the ITU has the highest average earnings of any craft.

Unmentioned in the officers' reports, but no less significant, is the fact in the two years, hardly an employer dared to employ the non-union workers the T-H law allows him to hire.

President Woodruff Randolph and his associates are coming into the convention with their record and they say it should vindicate their policy—no truck with T-H—to everybody's satisfaction. As Taylor says in his report, the policy "paid handsome dividends."

The ITU's experience offers a lesson to all unions. It was not alone the formal non-compliance with the Taft-Hartley law that produces the dividends. Even more important was the all-out tough fight, and the millions of dollars it took to finance it. This is why today, although the Taft-Hartley law is still on the books and some unions are forced to comply to save themselves from destruction, the ITU leaders can truthfully say they have beaten the law in its first two years.

COMING: No. 1 U.S. Criminal—The F.B.I. by Joseph Forer—in the weekend Worker

Daily Worker

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Daily Worker, New York, Wednesday, August 3, 1949

Terror at Foley Square

THE SCANDALOUS behavior of Judge Medina in the trial of the Communist leaders has brought the entire case to a new turning-point. The entire labor, liberal and progressive public must be alerted to the facts and what they mean.

The situation is this: the judge is shamelessly trying to keep the defendants from a full and fair presentation of their case. He is showing the jury that he considers the defendants guilty even before their story has been told. The judge endangers the right of the defendants to their normal legal weapons. He is terrorizing their lawyers, threatening heavy fines, perhaps jail, and laying the grounds for disbarment proceedings.

And most people just don't know the truth, because a corrupt press has cooperated with the judge to make him appear as the persecuted martyr, covering up his shameful intervention on the side of the prosecution.

What did the government expect anyway? Did it think it could bring a rogues' gallery of paid liars and common spies before the court to defame an entire political movement, and yet browbeat the Communist leaders when it was their turn? Are the defendants to be hamstrung? Should they swallow the lies about themselves, and hesitate to tell the truth because the judge is pained by it?

The defendants have a full right to present their case, to answer every detail of the lies, to expose the whole fabric of the frame-up. This may enrage the judge. But the public should not be fooled. The judge is enraged not because his judicial rights have been aggrieved in any way, but because he wants to railroad the defendants—and in a hurry. He is impatient even with the normal procedure—rigged as it is—of the capitalist courts.

The trial of the Communists is the touchstone of civil liberties. It is raising vital questions about the conduct of courts under capitalism. Where is the lawyer who is not threatened, if Judge Medina can have his wilful way at Foley Square? Where is the average American who is not threatened if this trial continues to be made a mockery of justice?

The Singer Strike

MEMBERS OF THE CIO UNITED ELECTRICAL WORKERS at the Singer Co. have been on strike for 13 weeks. Their strike has become one of national importance for the 1949 wage and contract negotiations of all labor. The crucial issue of speedup in the Singer strike affects workers in steel, auto, mining, the electrical industry—in all basic industries.

This battle is a particularly important one since the defeat suffered by the Ford and Bendix workers when Walter Reuther sent the strikers at those two plants back to work without a single gain.

A poll of the Singer strikers, in the 13th week of their strike, decisively defeated an independent union backed by the company and the press. An editorial in the Newark Star Ledger revealed the employer's attempt to smash the strike and split the CIO. The editorial urged the CIO to bring in a rival union in an attempt to divide and weaken the strikers.

A victory for the Singer strikers would aid steel, auto and other electrical workers in their present negotiations. The campaign to aid the Singer strikers should be broadened. Solidarity of labor should hit the Singer Co., especially in those cities and towns where there is a Singer Co. direct production or outlet branch.

We urge the widest financial and moral support for the Singer strikers. CIO leaders should be urged to reject the bid of the Newark Star Ledger for a raid and instead to give active help to the Singer strikers.

CELEBRATION —by Fred Ellis

Un-American Committee And the Negro People

By CLAUDIA JONES

(Last of three articles)

Among all sections of the Negro people (except for renegades and bought-out reformists) their oppressed status makes for an ideological unity against the Jimcrow lynch system to which all Negroes are subjected. From Ralph Bunche to Rosa Lee Ingram, the virus of white supremacy and Jimcrow haunts our tracks. Hence. the ideological unity against Jimcrow, second-class citizenship, demands for equal rights **now**, among all strata of the Negro liberation movement. This fundamental concept is undoubledly what led Jackie Robinson to air the profound truth that **"the fact that a Communist denounces injustice in the courts, police brutality and lynching when it happens, does not chainge the truth of his charges."**

It is precisely this truth that the Communist leaders—Foster, Dennis, Winston, Davis and our Party, have symbolized all along, throughout the existence of the Communist Party! It is a pro-fascist, social-democratic lie that our Party has "used the Negro Question" for our own ends! This is a white chauvinist insult, in the first place to the Negro people themselves!

Our **"use of the Negro Question"** has been to throw the clear light of day on the lynchers lair; our **"use of the Negro question"** has been only to give proper Marxist-Leninist analysis to the unique national oppression of the Negro people in the United States; our **"use of the Negro question"** has been to match our words with active deeds from Scottsboro to the Trenton Six, to Rosa Lee Ingram to the fight for Negroes in the Big Leagues; to upgrading of Negro workers in industry; against the white supremacist violation of Negro womanhood; to expose lynch terror, police brutality, restrictive convenants and other vile evils of Jimcrow. Our **"use of the Negro question"** has been to show white Americans, particularly the workers, that the struggle for the full equality of the Negro people is in their basic self-interest, especially today in the fight against imperialist war and fascism.

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MOREOVER, without the Communist Party (notwithstanding Robinson's statement 'that we can get along without the Communists') there could be no progress in the last 20 years on any of these issues for equality for the Negro people or for the advancement of American democracy!

No less a paper than the **New York Age**, editorializing on July 30 on "The Core of the Red Issue Concerning the Negro," declared: **"The fact is that th Communists, right or wrong, have gotten the jump on everybody else by putting into the record something concrete to prove what they teach. . . .**

". . . The Communists have simply walked through the wide loopholes of the democratic system and reached the people the other side has ignored. Were Communism a lily-white philosophy it would likely fall into a category resembling the Democrats, the Republicans, the American Federation of Labor, Dixiecrats' or the Ku Klux Klan, which the South, represented by Wood, and others like Thurmond of South Carolina, regards more or less as an 'American institution.'"

It is not in spite of, but **because** we cannot get along without Communist leadership on the fundamental issue of Negro oppression that the American bourgeoisie fears the Communists and seek to outlaw the Party.

Outlawing of our Party by legislation, or court procedure, or persecution, is one of the ways they count on to silence the protests of the Negro people themselves, and the most advanced forces who fight for labor, Negro liberation, against white supremacy and lynch justice.

It is this same reactionary capitalist class that seeks to make Jackie Robinson the scapegoat of their hypocritical preachments of democracy which they deny to 14,000,000 Negro people, and which must yet be fully won in organized baseball.

Without fundamental understanding of the Negro question, one cannot effectively fight against oppression, or for peace, the rights of labor, or against fascism and war! It is because the Un-Americans fear this truth that they sought to use ueaders of the oppressed Negro people to impugn the loyalty of an entire people.

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BUT THE HEARINGS boomeranged.

They boomeranged, first, because the Negro question is itself "the Achilles heel of American imperialism" in the words of the national chairman of the Communist Party, William Z. Foster. And because, the more they touch it, the more the imperialists are exposed for what they are: the oppressors of the Negro people, of the working class, the organizers of force and violence against the Negro people, the financiers of exploitation of six million Negroes and four million whites in the South, from which exploitation they wring the profits to stuff their coffers for the financing of an imperialist atomic war and domestic fascism!

The hearings boomeranged, for a second reason. And that is because, even as they utilized the old "divide-and-rule" tactic, the eyes of 14,000,000 Negro Americans, the eyes of countless white Americans, the eyes of nationally and colonially oppressed peoples in Africa, the West Indies, and in Liberated China, the eyes of the New European Democracies, the eyes of the leader of the world democratic forces, the Soviet Union, were upon them.

And thirdly, these hearings boomeranged because even among reformist Negro leaders, intellectual integrity and intensified national oppression pushes many of them to a clearer realization of the profound truth spoken by Frederick Douglass: **"Power concedes nothing without struggle."**

That is why from their newspapers and columns they hastily cleaned up comment about the praise for Jackie Robinson as a **"closed incident;"** that is why they editorialize, as did one Scripps-Howard columnist, that a Paul Robeson, **"the automatic success story"** is **"hard to understand"**; that is why they are still editorializing about Davis' testimony in magazines, which they cannot refute except impotently to say of this Communist leader that **"he"** is **"misled."**

The Negro press comment in the main, didn't satisfy them either. For many utilized the anti-Jimcrow statements of Robinson as a take-off for an even more strenuous demand for Ne-

(Continued on Page 10)

THE NEW LINEUP AT THE UAW PARLEY

(Continued from Page 5)

standing example of the fighting potential in UAW. To get the full import of the Johnson speech we insert here a transcribed section of the convention record, quoting Brother Johnson:

"I think there is a necessity, a vital necessity for Negro representation on the high councils of this International Union. For 14 years, I repeat, this fight has been waged and lost, because delegates lacked the courage of their convictions to stand up and fight for the principles they so easily enunciate, but which they avoid and sidetrack when the issue confronts them. I think we must do away with the speed-up and terrific health hazards, the escalator clause and runaway that no wthreaten to bring us into a depression and take jobs from our brothers and sisters in our International Union.

"I think we must do away with no-security clauses and replace them with real security clauses that will mean pensions, wage increases, health and safety, and better lives for our members in this Union."

(The speaker was interrupted by noise and confusion among the delegates.) Delegate Johnson continued:

"I am going to conclude in just a moment., I am going to say to those delegates here who are impatient that I have been waiting—the Negro in America has been waiting for 300 or more years, so if you will just wait for a few minutes more I will be through.

"Try to keep your conscience in line with your commitments in your Constitution."

Ed Lock, a white Ford Local 600 leader, on the fifth day after the new officers were installed, exposed the lily-white administration by asking a point of information:

"I would like to know how much longer our delegates to UAW conventions are going to witness the installation of officers that do not contain a single Negro Board member or officer."

Reuther answered by charging that Lock was trying to "inject distasteful politics and racial problems in order to play politics." But this only served to highlight the exposure of the lily-white leadership when Reuther had the full convention power to elect a Negro to top office.

The above quotes will suffice to indicate that despite Reuther's overwhelming control of the convention delegations, and the power to steer the convention from the platform, the progressives put up a real fight against the Reuther record and for a positive program in the interests of the membership, through speeches on the floor, through leaflets and even throug' the use of the "Question to the Chair" method, as well as through the running of a slate of candidates opposed to Reuther which received a larger vote than at the previous convention.

2. Reuther has organizational control of the UAW and is using that control in an attempt to consolidate his power by destroying the traditional democracy of the UAW.

While the convention showed no great enthusiasm for support of the reactionary domestic and foreign policies of the administration and the course of action now being pursued by Reuther and the top leadership of CIO, nevertheless Reuther was able to put over formal endorsement of that program.

This was basically because the crystallized conscious opposition to that program, while growing, is as yet small (roughly 10 percent of the convention delegates).

Among the policies endorsed by the Reuther-controlled majority was the resolution calling for the expulsion of progressive unions from the CIO, endorsement of the North Atlantic Pact, acceptance of Reuther's version on Truman and the Democratic Party, as well as an amendment to the constitution which gives the 100 percent Reuther executive board the right to bring charges against, and try local union members over the head and in opposition to the wishes of the respective local unions. Reuther also succeeded, in the last days of the convention, in expelling Sage and Doll, two leaders of the Progressives.

These decisions of the 12th convention mark a fundamental departure from the traditionally democratic past of the UAW-CIO.

For the first time since the Homer Martin days of 1938, one faction in the UAW can brand the leaders of the opposition as "traitors" to the union and secure their expulsion by a caucus convention majority. For the first time in its history UAW local union members can be denied a trial by jury of their peers, and they can be subjected to "thought control" trials by International Trial Boards stacked with Reuther caucus adherents.

But the outrageously desperate character of these decisions indicates that fundamentally they are signs of Reuther's weakness rather than his strength. Reuther feels that the foundation for his rule is so shaky that he can't rely solely on misleading the auto workers with Social Democratic demagogy. He feels that his caucus powers can only be retained by stifling democracy with "thought control" purges and stacked International trials.

Hence, serious as this danger is, it can and must be defeated.

These repressive measures cannot halt the slow but sure trend away from Reutherism in the UAW-CIO. It can't stop the auto workers from moving to the left. On the contrary these desperate measures when energetically fought will boomerang against the Reuther machine.

The clear recognition of the new situation of this fundamental departure from the UAW's democratic past must arouse the auto workers to fight more determinedly than ever before to restore the union's historic democracy, local union autonomy and membership control. And this struggle against Reutherism in the UAW is bound to merge with the struggle of all left and Progressive forces within the CIO to preserve democracy and autonomy within the CIO as a whole.

(To be continued)

AS DIMITROV WOULD HAVE IT

(Continued from Page 4)

court at Leipzig, with its inescapable parallels to Foley Square today, emphasized strongly that, as Gates said at the start of his speech, "Dimitrov will never die!"

American Communists, too, die in the struggle for peace and socialism. So this night the people stood in memory of a beloved comrade, the quiet, courteous, hard working leader of our Queens party, Paul Crosbie, an American veteran of World War One who fought the hysteria of the twenties and the hierarchy of the American Legion courageously and proudly as a Communist, and won.

"Leipzig, 1933—Foley Square, 1949. Free Winston, Green and Hall. Smash the Indictments!" the banner across the first balcony proclaimed. The years 1933 and 1949 were linked solidly in the understanding of all who filled the hall on 34 Street this night. And when Ben Davis laid down his prepared speech, pounded his fist against the table, gave the infamous Supreme Court nomination of Tom Clark what for, and then finished by speaking of the freeing of "the three" with the words "By George, we're going to do it!", he may not have meant By Georgi Dimitrov, but he could have.

The audience pitched right in on the job, with 1,000 singing telegrams to Judge Medina demanding that he release Henry Winston, Gus Hall and Gil Green. They also signed telegrams to President Truman protesting his appointment of Clark.

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DEADLINES:
For the Daily Worker:
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For The (weekend) Worker:
Previous Wednesday at 4 p.m.

Services for Crosbie Tomorrow

Memorial services for Paul P. Crosbie will be held tomorrow (Thursday) at 8:30 p.m. at the Hotel Diplomat, 108 W. 43 St., it was announced yesterday by the New York State Committee and the Queens County Committee of the Communist Party.

Crosbie, World War I veteran, treasurer of the state committee and chairman of the Queens organization, died Saturday.

Dennis Tells Court Gov't, Not '12', Plots Violence

ALP

(Continued from Page 2)

cil, and an uncompromising fighter for the interests of the people of our city."

Schutzer asserted that the voters "will defeat the shabby political maneuvers to form a reactionary Tammany-Republican-Liberal gang-up against Davis."

The ALP leader said Guinier, who is international secretary-treasurer of the CIO United Public Workers, is "superbly qualified" for the Borough President. His election "will mean that for the first time in history, a Negro will sit in the Board of Estimate, thus smashing the pattern of Jimcrow in that body."

Guinier holds a Columbia degree of master of arts in personnel administration, and put in an additional year's graduate study at the School of Public Administration, as well as seven years in the city's civil service.

LISTS ISSUES

The ALP, Schutzer said, offers the only slate running on the major problems facing New Yorkers: the dime fare, unemployment, police brutality and official discrimination against the Negro and Puerto Rican people, thought control in our schools, inadequate housing, rent increases, the Taft-Hartley Law and "above all the urgent fight for peace."

Guinier pledged "a determined fight against discrimination and for free equality of opportunity for all." He stressed the fight "for the building of schools and the staffing of these schools with teachers adequately paid and free of witchhunts such as the Feinberg law, being administered by a supporter of the Christian Front and Butcher Franco—George A. Timone."

Guinier pointed out that his designation has been hailed by Lloyd E. Dickens, Harlem leader and brother of Assemblyman Thomas Dickens, who voiced his support in the Amsterdam News. Guinier announced that the chairman of his campaign will be Hope R. Stevens, vice-president of the United Mutual Life Insurance Co. and Harlem civic leader, and that his campaign manager will be Morris Goldin, coordinator of the Lower East Side ALP.

Among those who have expressed support for Guinier are Paul Robeson; James Durkin, president of the CIO Office and Professional Workers; Joseph Selly, president, and Joseph Kehoe, secretary-treasurer, CIO American Communications Association; Max Perlow, secretary-treasurer, CIO Furniture Workers, and James Gavin, president of the Progressive Irish Americans Association.

An independent citizens committee has been formed, headed by the Rev. C. Johnson, who is also the chairman of the Inter-Denominational Ministers' Alliance of New York City.

O'D RUMORS FLY

In the meantime, it was reported that Mayor O'Dwyer plans to return to City Hall from his "vacation" on Thursday, a day before the deadline for declination. Rumors that the Mayor may again withdraw continued to mount, with no effort by Democratic Party spokesmen to squash these reports. It was also learned that Bronx leader Ed Flynn has been seeking to get former Gov. Herbert H. Lehman to announce his candidacy for the Senate before Aug. 5 so that O'Dwyer, who is banking on Lehman's candidacy, will stay in the race.

There were reliable reports that O'Dwyer has been in constant touch with Lehman from his hide-away. Observers believe that the former governor is piqued with the Mayor for the latter's abject flight when the Spellman-Mrs. Roosevelt controversy broke. District leaders in Queens and Manhattan, who have been denounced as 'poison" by the Mayor, report opposition by registered Democrats to the party's designating petitions, which bear the Mayor's name for reelection.

FUSION FUSSUING

Frantic efforts were being made yesterday to heal the breach between Republican and Liberal party leaders over the latter's desire to back Robert F. Wagner, Jr., for Manhattan Borough President. Newbold Morris, GOP-Liberal-Fusion candidate for Mayor, obtained a "pledge" from leaders of both parties that they would approve his running mate, Harry Uviller for comptroller, and Domestic Relations Court Justice Matthew J. Desirio for Council President. The official authorization for the slate will come on Friday, when the five-county GOP committee meets.

(Continued from Page 2)

ing that the defendants were put in the position by the court of either saying they did or did not advocate force and violence.

The trial had reached a stage where it was no longer a trial. All pretense of judicial fairness had departed from the courtroom.

Dennis was on his feet to meet this most serious and Fascist-like assault of the judge on the right of the Communist leaders to present evidence.

He warned the court and jury that "this is not an ordinary trial" and could not be because political beliefs and a political doctrine are on trial.

(Text of Dennis' remarks appears on Page 2.)

He told the judge it was incumbent upon the defendants to show what the principles of Marxism-Leninism really are, not only in relation to certain books, important as they are, but the "unity between theory and practice of our philosophy."

Dennis argued that questions to the witnesses, which were barred by the court, aimed to bring out what the party taught.

He did not mention U. S. Attorney General Tom Clark, President Truman's appointee to the Supreme Court post left vacant by the death of Justice Frank Murphy, but it was clear that he was referring to Clark and others of the Truman Administration when he compared those who were charging the Communists with advocating force and violence to the "robber that called stop thief."

"It is our duty to show who are the advocates of force and violence," the Communist Party General Secretary said, "besides showing what we taught."

The judge interrupted Dennis but Dennis continued his attack on the judicial curbs.

He said the judge had unwittingly paid high tribute to the Communist Party by his continued references to the large amount of testimony on the Party's fight against lynching, for women's rights, against a new world war and other burning issues of the day.

CHAKA TESTIFIES

Chaka began testifying about his attendance at a 1946 Marxist school at Camp Eintracht on the outskirts of Cleveland. FBI informer John Blanc had testified that he had heard defendant Gus Hall address the students at that school. Chaka started to describe the classroom but Judge Medina halted him.

"The witness will make a diagram of the classroom," the judge snapped angrily at Defense Attorney Gladstein.

"That is not necessary," Gladstein replied.

"He will make a diagram," Judge Medina ordered. "Hand him a pad of paper. He will mark where he was seated."

DRAWS DIAGRAM

The defense attorney gave the witness a piece of paper and a pencil and the witness proceeded to draw a diagram of the classroom as he remembered it. The judge at this point practically took over the examination of the witness.

The diagram, which was shown to the jury, revealed that Blanc who the witness said was working in the camp kitchen at the time could not have possibly been in the classroom and heard Hall's lecture.

The prosecution witness had attempted to make it appear that the Camp Eintracht school was some sort of a mysterious underground resort. But Chaka denied this, stating that there were many people vacationing at the camp while the school was in progress.

It was here that Judge Medina moved in and blocked any further testimony on the nature of the school or what went on there.

WHY CONCENTRATION

The judge permitted the witness to make a brief statement about a conversation Chaka said he had with defendant Hall in connection with Party concentration work in the steel industry. The reason the Ohio Communists made special efforts in connection with the steel workers, the witness testified, was because there were such a large number of them concentrated in the large steel plants in thhe Cleveland area.

He said Hall told him the aim of the concentration was to work with the steel workers to achieve better conditions of work and better wages, to teach them the Party's program of Socialism and to develop their independent political activity.

From here on, however, prosecutor McGohey's objections came thick and fast. Attorney Gladstein asked the witness nearly a dozen questions about what defendant Hall taught during a special Marxist weekly educational radio program between June 19 and the end of August, 1946.

MEDINA COMPLAINS

Judge Medina complained about "long harangues" and "half-hour answers." None of the witness' answers to questions had taken more than five minutes during the short period he was under direct examination.

"I am asking the witness how he became involved in the course and this does not call for a half-hour answer," Gladstein told the court.

"You are not going to get an answer to that question," the judge snarled.

Judge Medina permitted the witness to recite from memory the titles of Hall's educational broadcasts. The witness reached the eighth title and said he could not recall the other two.

"Oh, he'll think up the other two," the judge said.

"He will not 'think up' but he will 'think of' the titles," Gladstein said, protesting the judge's remark.

RULED OUT QUESTIONS

Gladstein asked the witness what Hall taught in the radio session concerning the program of the Communist Party. The question was ruled out by the court. Then one after another, Judge Medina ruled out questions on what Hall taught during each of the 10 lectures.

The defense attorney finally asked if Hail said anything concerning the Communist Party's advocacy and teachings in connection with socialism. The judge said: "I'll allow it."

This ruling of the court was greeted by a wave of laughter from the spectators' section. The spectators had become so used to hearing the judge overrule defense questions that everyone in the court leaned forward to hear the answer.

The witness said that Hall had told the students that the American working people would decide how and when to introduce socialism in America.

The witness said he had never heard Gus Hall teach or advocate the overthrow of the U. S. government by force or violence.

He said that during his 18 years membership in the Communist Party he had heard each one of the Communist defendants speak and that he had never heard any of them teach or advocate violent overthrow of the government.

DENNIS STATEMENT

(Continued from Page 2)

avoid being unmasked in his sinister activities.

The Court: The robber did that?

Defendant Dennis: What?

The Court: The robber himself did that?

Defendant Dennis: Yes, and I think—

The Court: Very ingenious.

MORE UNDERSTAND

Defendant Dennis: Yes, and I think more and more are beginning to understand that those who allege that we advocate and teach the forceful overthrow of the government—that it is actually those who bring this charge who are the perpetrators of force and violence against the Negro people, against the workers of our country. They are the advocates of an atomic war, of the North Atlantic pact, which has just been adopted in Congress—

The Court: But that story cuts both ways.

Defendant Dennis: It has a very pointed bearing, Your Honor. Therefore, I think it is incumbent on us, and we shall actually—we shall continue, to the extent that we are afforded the opportunity—to show who is responsible for the use of force and violence, as well as to make clear our position on this question.

I would like to make another observation, if I may.

The Court: You may.

Defendant Dennis: I think the court and the jury must have taken cognizance of the fact that in the cross-examination of all of the defendants, and in reference to schools, those defendants who attended a school or taught a class, the prosecution very conspicuously shied away from asking questions of what was advocated and what was taught and, if a particular book was referred to, or an outline, not only what is contained in the pages of the book, but how the defendants and how the individual witness understood, interpreted and applied certain principles, as they may be.

Now, the government, the prosecution, hasn't gone into this.

The Court: If you ask questions like that of your adversary's witness, you are generally doing a very foolish thing. You see, you are criticizing the government for not having asked your witnesses questions which you would like to have the government ask your witnesses, but I cannot see much point in that.

Defendant Dennis: The point—I am just making an observation here, your honor, that it seems that in relation to the schools—and there was such a mystery that the prosecution tried to build around them—that when the schools are brought forward here in terms of people who either attended a school or taught a school, the government shies away from this and focuses its attention, to, on the disclosure of names.

The court: Well, you see, Mr. Dennis—

Defendant Dennis: And the final point—

The court: (continuing)—not being a lawyer, you don't always understand these things, but a cross-examiner naturally seeks first to impeach the credibility of the witness whom he is cross-examining. Counsel for the defendants cross-examined the prosecution witnesses again and again and called them stoolpigeons, called them various names, and so, when the prosecution start cross-examining your witnesses, they have a right to attack their credibility. And at the end of the case, if I submit it to the jury, one of their principal functions is going to be passing on these issues of veracity. These questions of credibility. So, naturally, the cross-examiner pursues, whether he is for the defense or for the government, pursues the policy of attacking the credibility of the witnesses called by the other side.

Now, sureiy, you don't criticize that, do you?

Defendant Dennis: Well, it seemed to me that if there were to be a fair trial, that one of the high purposes should be to elicit from all witnesses the truth and the whole truth. And therefore I think a very vital part of the truth and questions which are being dealt with in the court really is: what has and does our Party advocate, teach and practice?

The Court: I make a little suggestion—

Defendant Dennis: And I would close, if I may—

The Court: I will hear you further.

Defendant Dennis: I think the court has unwittingly paid quite a tribute to our Party by the reference to the many witnesses and the many statements and accounts of our struggles against lynching, for the rights of workers, women, youth, our policy and our practice and our endeavors to prevent fascism from being established in our country, and to prevent a new world war.

We are bound to deal with these questions, Your Honor, because these activities constitute the heart and the gist of what we actually live, and believe in, and do.

Doyle

(Continued from Page 2)

of the Morning Freiheit Association, will answer the government's charges that he believes in and belongs to an organization advocating the overthrow of the government of the United States by "force and violence."

On Aug. 1, the government concluded its case against Mr. Bittelman. The government brought as its witness Charles Baxter, a resident of Cleveland, who was expelled from the Communist Political Association in 1945 for "deserting the cause of the working class."

In hearings on the case of Leon Callow, steelworker of Niles, Ohio, on June 28 the same Charles Baxter admitted under cross-examination that he had been promised a job by the Justice Department if he would appear as a government witness against Callow.

Alexander Bittelman, 57, entered the United States in 1912. He has been a leading member of the Communist Party of the United States since 1920. In 1935 he tried unsuccessfully to become an American citizen. He was arrested on a deportation warrant in January, 1948, and released on $5,000 bail.

MOVIE GUIDE

•• Excellent

HOME OF THE BRAVE. Despite serious weaknesses, a pioneering film on jimcrow. Manhattan—Victoria.

HAMLET. Laurence Olivier's widely praised version of the Shakespeare play. Manhattan—Park Avenue Theatre.

GYPSIES; ZOYA. A revival of two fine Soviet movies. Stanley—Manhattan.

THE BAKER'S WIFE. A revival of the famous comedy with Raimu. Fifth Avenue Playhouse—Manhattan.

GRAND ILLUSION. A revival of Renoir's classic anti-war film. Ascot—Bronx.

SHOE SHINE. One of the few Italian films in a class with Open City. 55th St. Playhouse—Manhattan.

BRIEF ENCOUNTER. An affecting story of a tragic affair of middle-aged lovers. Beverly—Manhattan.

TREASURE OF SIERRA MADRE. John Huston's fine parable of the effects of money lust. City, Waverly—Manhattan.

• Good

DEVIL IN THE FLESH. A tragic story of two young lovers in rebellion against middle-class conventions. Manhattan—Paris Theatre.

QUARTET. Shallow, but witty and polished stories of Somerset Maugham. Manhattan—Sutton.

RED SHOES. Distinguished by a fine ballet sequence. Manhattan—Bijou.

TORMENT. An interesting Swedish film about an adolescent's first love affair. World—Manhattan.

CAESAR AND CLEOPATRA. Bernard Shaw's witty, historically-minded version of Egypt's queen. Little Carnegie—Manhattan.

SARABAND. Full-bosomed, historical nonsense, but often fun to watch. Patio—Brooklyn.

ALL THAT MONEY CAN BUY. Dieterle's film version of "The Devil And Daniel Webster," with Walter Huston, Edward Arnold. Schuyler—Manhattan.

DEAD OF NIGHT. An exciting British thriller, with Michael Redgrave particularly fine in a ventriloquist sequence. Fair—Queens.

Skip

THE RED MENACE. A fascist view of the Communist Party.

HOUSE OF STRANGERS. Chauvinist characterization of Italian Americans.

GUNGA DIN. An old warhorse about British imperialism.

UN-AMERICAN COMMITTEE AND THE NEGRO PEOPLE

(Continued from Page 7)

gro unity and for a demand to the Truman Administration that it make good its election promises of civil rights legislation now.

The mass of the Negro people, as reflected in the man-of-the street talks, in letters to the editors, are discussing even a deeper question—namely comparing the statement of Paul Robeson to their own ideas, their anti-war anti-imperialists as they question as did Robeson: Why should we fight an imperialist war—a war against the Soviet Union, which has wiped out discrimination and prejudice within its borders?

And all this is why labor and the Negro people, and all progressive women and men, must by drawing the proper conclusions, accelerate unity of the Negro people, unity of Negro and white and wrest from the foul stable of a jail, by renewed and popular protest, Henry Winston whose life and time is a symbol of the courageous contribution of the Communist Party to the Negro Question in the United States. Free the Three!

LIFE IN PRISON

(Continued from Page 5)

in formation and through gates, where we pick up trays, get our food, up elevator into cell where we eat. Then undress and back into prison clothes by around 5:40 p.m. After which we return to our own cells. At 6:15 the roof is open until 7:50, the only time during the week of court days for fresh air and a walk.

At 7:50 we return to cell for a count of prisoners. At 8:15 the count is over and cell door locked until 9 p. m. when the door is open for five minutes for a drink of water. Then we're locked in for the night. And at 10 p. m. the lights are out just at the moment when you are reading something interesting.

•

CAN IT BE DOUBTED that a "true administration of of justice" would afford me an opportunity to really prepare? And think of it—get out your material and try to think in the noise, constant questions and inquiries and "hello" and "what happened in court today?" Or go to the special interview room, where guards constantly ask questions, constantly moving for sweeping or mopping, or the guys come by to say hello.

Try and close the door to avoid people in this tiny room which is not more than 6 x 6 feet square and smother as a result of heat. And this is how I'm given an opportunity for defending myself, my Party and my convictions in a "fair" and "impartial" trial. The same applies to Gus, and it affects the preparation of our other comrades and our defense as a whole. Our continued imprisonment can only have this as its aim.

•

I WAS TAUGHT in school from early days to respect the Constitution. It is now being violated in Judge Medina's Court. I was taught in school from early days that the highest Court in the land was public opinion. They must come to learn, and they will soon, the facts surounding our imprisonment.

We will soon be free, and I look forward to the happy reunion of our family. It is to be hoped that this struggle, and a thousand others on many fronts, will make impossible the separation of families by arbitrary use of judicial power, and make secure our struggle for peace, democracy and Socialism.

Love,

Winnie

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WOR—News
WQXR—News; Alma Dettinger
WCBS—Robert Q. Lewis, Show
11:15-WNBC—We Love and Learn
WOR—Tello Test
11:30-WNBC—Jack Berch
WOR—Against the Storm
WJZ—Ted Malone
WCBS—Grand Slam
11:45-WNBC—Lora Lawton
WJZ—Galen Drake
WOR—Quiz Club
WCBS—Rosemary
WQXR—Along the Danube

AFTERNOON

12:00-WNBC—Charles McCarthy
WOR—Kate Smith
WJZ—Variety Show
WCBS—Wendy Warren
WQXR—News; Luncheon Concert
WNYC—Midday Symphony
12:15-WNBC—Metropolitan News
WCBS—Aunt Jenny
12:30-WNBC—Brokenshire
WCBS—Helen Trent
WOR—Answer Man
WJZ—News; Herb Sheldon
12:45-WCBS—Our Gal Sunday
1:00-WNBC—Mary Margaret McBride
WOR—Luncheon at Sardi's
WJZ—Baukhage
WNYC—String Music
WCBS—Big Sister
1:15-WJZ—Nancy Craig Program
WCBS—Ma Perkins—Sketch
1:30-WCBS—Young Dr. Malone—Sketch
1:45-WJZ—Dorothy Dix
WOR—Your Marriage
WCBS—The Guiding Light—Sketch
WNYC—Weather Report; News
2:00-WNBC—Double or Nothing
WJZ—Breakfast in Hollywood
WOR—Queen for a Day
WNYC—English and Social Studies
WCBS—Second Mrs. Burton
WQXR—Record Review
2:15-WCBS—Perry Mason
2:30-WBC—Today's Children
WOR—Second Honeymoon
WJZ—Bride and Groom
WCBS—Nora Drake
WQXR—Curtain at 2:30
2:45-WNBC—Light of the World—Sketch
WCBS—The Brighter Day
WQXR—Musical Memory Game
3:00-WNBC—Life Can Be Beautiful
WOR—The Tremaynes
WJZ—Ladies, Be Seated
WCBS—David Harum
WQXR—News; Recent Recordings
3:15-WNBC—Road of Life
WCBS—Hilltop House
3:30-WNBC—Pepper Young
WOR—Best Girl
WJZ—Add a Line Quiz
3:45-WNBC—Right to Happiness
4:00-WNBC—Backstage Wife
WOR—Barbara Welles
WJZ—To Be Announced
WCBS—Beat the Clock
WQXR—News; Symphonic Matinee
4:15-WNBC—Stella Dallas
4:30-WNBC—Lorenzo Jones
WOR—Johnny Olsen
WJZ—Anna and Eleanor Roosevelt
WCBS—Winner Take All
4:45-WNBC—Young Widder Brown
WJZ—Patt Barnes
5:00-WNBC—When a Girl Marries
WOR—Ted Drake, Sketch
WJZ—Challenge of Yukon
WCBS—Roger Bennett
WNYC—Sunset Serenade
WQXR—News; Today in Music
5:15-WNBC—Portia Faces Life
WQXR—Record Review
5:30-WNBC—Just Plain Bill
WOR—Gabriel Heatter Mailbag
WJZ—Johnny Lujak of Notre Dame
WCBS—Hits and Misses
WQXR—Cocktail Time
5:45-WNBC—Front Page Farrell
WOR—Passing Parade

EVENING

6:00-WNBC—Kenneth Banghart
WOR—John Wingate
WJZ—Joe Hasel
WCBS—Eric Severeid
WQXR—Music to Remember
6:15-WNBC—Sports
WOR—On the Century
WJZ—Allen Prescott
WCBS—You and Going to College
6:30-WNBC—Wayne Howell Show
WOR—News
6:45-WNBC—Three Star Extra
WOR—Stan Lomax
WLIB—Wm. S. Gallmore
WJZ—Sammy Kaye
WCBS—Charles Collingwood
7:00-WNBC—Supper Club
WOR—Phelps Adams
WCBS—Spin to Win
WJZ—Headline Edition
WNYC—Masterwork Hour
WQXR—News; Keyboard Artists
7:15-WNBC—News of the World
WOR—Answer Man
WJZ—Elmer Davis
WQXR—News; On Stage

RADIO HIGHLIGHTS

PM
9:00—Henry Morgan show. WNBC.
9:00—Lewisohn Stadium Concert. WCBS.
10:30—Capitol Cloak Room. WCBS.
11:30—Deems Taylor show. WOR.

TV
9:00—Television Theatre. WNBT.

All Scheduled Games

Dodgers	WMGM (WCBS-TV)
Giants	WMCA (WPIX)
Yankees	WINS (WABD)

7:30-WNBC—Guy Lombardo
WOR—Gabriel Heatter
WJZ—Lone Ranger
WQXR—Jaques Fray
7:45-WOR—Inside of Sports
WCBS—News
8:00-WNBC—Bille Burke play
WOR—Can You Top This
WJZ—Stars in the Nite
WCBS—Mr. Chameleon
WQXR—News; Symphony Hall
8:30-WNBC—Archie Andrews
WOR—Boston Blackie
WCBS—Dr. Christian
WNYC—Playhouse
9:00-WNBC—Henry Morgan show
WCBS—Lewisohn Stadium Concert
WOR—Hollywood Theatre
WJZ—Star Theatre
9:30-WNBC—Mr. District Attorney
WJZ—Lawrence Welk Show
WOR—Family Theatre
WQXR—Let's Celebrate
10:00-WNBC—Big Story
WJZ—Coast Guard
WOR—Comedy Playhouse
10:30-WNBC—Curtain Time
WOR—Symphonette
WCBS—Capitol Cloak Room
WJZ—String Ensemble
WCBS—Capitol Cloak Room
WQXR—Melodies of Old Vienna
10:40-WAAT—Singer Strikers
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Say You Saw It In The Daily Worker

Hollywood:

'Artificial Alarm' Hoax and a Movie

By David Platt

DEPARTMENT OF ARTIFICIAL ALARMS: Film Daily (July 29) ran the following under the heading "Ah, Coincidence! (Or Really was it one?"):

"With considerable promotional activity accompanying, Universal International yesterday opened its Johnny Stool Pigeon, concerned with the running down of a smuggling ring by the Treasury's Narcotics Bureau, in San Francisco, Tuscon and Vancouver.

'And yesterday, too, out of Washington, the Associated Press carried a story which began, "Extremely disturbing" increases in the smuggling of cocaine into the U. S. were reported today by the Narcotics Bureau.'

PERSONAL ITEM: PHIL GERARD, UNIVERSAL-INTERNATIONAL EASTERN PUBLICITY MANAGER, HAS RETURNED FROM WASHINGTON." (Our Caps.)

This may or may not be another "artificial alarm" hoax. Sure sounds like one, though. If it is a cooked-up scare story, Universal, in using a government agency to push a movie, is merely following the lead of Truman and Acheson, who think nothing of faking an USSR invasion "threat" to push the war program.

• • •

DEPRESSION NOTE: Active membership in the Screen Actors Guild is at its lowest point in the union's history. On June 30, the Guild had 6,533 members in good standing. Compare this with 7,068 on the same date last year; 7,756 in 1947 and 7,898 in 1946. In the past, the SAG added nearly 1,000 new members a year, while around the same number withdrew each year. However, in the 10-month period from Sept. 1, 1948, to June 30, 1949, only 353 new names were added to the SAG rolls. In the same period, the union issued 1,328 withdrawal and suspended payment cards.

A survey of the Screen Writers Guild would probably find unemployment increasing there, too. Don't know what the figures are for June, but in January fewer than 250 of a total of 1,800 writers who worked on scripts in recent years, were employed. Of these, only about 50 were under long-term contract. Since January, the number of reissues of old films have tripled and quadrupled with corresponding increase in the number of writers out of work.

If in January, one-third of all unemployed insurance applications in the Hollywood area were studio workers, today it must be closer to one-half.

But studio profits, according to figures just released by the Department of Commerce, are holding their own with the industry's all-time peak year 1946. This suggests that the moguls are determined that the entire burden of the depression will be borne by the movie worker—and movie goer.

WIT AND HUMOR: Abe Burrows, radio satirist, says: "Another successful type musical picture is the one which uses a lot of stars. Here's a sample plot: A group of youngsters befriend an old man who owns a restaurant where they all hang out. One day the kids discover that the old man is about to lose his restaurant. He's broke. The kids try to think of a way to save him. One of them says, 'let's put on a show!'

"At that moment who should be passing by the restaurant but Bing Crosby, Bob Hope, Alan Ladd, Ray Milland, Sonny Tufts, Paulette Goddard, Betty Hutton, Gary Cooper and Theda Bara! The kids beg these stars to help them out, and they finally agree to do it after a real heart-warming appeal from one little kid whose father happens to be president of their studio. (A nice touch.) The kids put on a show in the restaurant, and the stars take over the kitchen." Burrows' title for the picture is The Big Pot Roast Of 1947.

Why the Hatchet Men Are After MT: 3

Mark Twain Was in Thick of The Fight on U.S. Imperialism

By Samuel Sillen
Editor, Masses & Mainstream

GEORGE BERNARD SHAW once wrote to Mark Twain: "I am persuaded that the future historian of America will find your works as indispensable to him as a French historian finds the political tracts of Voltaire."

Certainly, the historian of American imperialism will have to consult Mark Twain. For at the very dawn of the imperialist era, opened with a pious prayer by President McKinley, he was in the forefront of the struggle against what he satirically called the "Blessings-of-Civilization Trust."

Lenin noted in his Imperialism: "In the United States the imperialist war waged against Spain in 1898 stirred up the opposition of the 'anti-imperialists,' the last of the Mohicans of bourgeois democracy." Twain was one of these last Mohicans.

He was thoroughly disgusted with the policy of conquest that led to the enslavement of Cuba and the Philippines. He said he was "befouled" by the country's foreign policy. Nobody wrote more blisteringly about the Marshall Planners of the day, with their hypocritical pretensions that they were spiritual missionaries spreading sweetness and light through a backward world that needed our "moral leadership."

He warned that "this great big ignorant nation, which doesn't even know the ABC facts of the Philippine episode, is in disgrace before the sarcastic world."

★

TWAIN'S BLASTS against imperialist conquest came principally in two essays published in the North American Review, a leading magazine of the period. The first, published in 1901, was "To the Person Sitting in Darkness." He wrote sarcastically:

"The Blessings-of-Civilization Trust, wisely and cautiously administered, is a Daisy. There is more money in it, more territory, more sovereignty and other emolument, than there is in any other game that is played."

"But," he added, "Christendom has been playing it badly of late years, and must certainly suffer by it, in my opinion. She has been so eager to get every stake that appeared on the green cloth, that the People who Sit in Darkness have noticed it—they have noticed it, and have begun to show alarm. They have become suspicious of the Blessings of Civilization . . . The Blessings of Civilization are all right and a good commercial

MARK TWAIN

property; there could not be a better, in a dim light . . .

"We all know that the Business is being ruined. The reason is not far to seek. It is because our Mr. McKinley, and Mr. Chamberlain, and the Kaiser, and the Tsar and the French have been exporting the Actual Thing with the outside cover left off. This is bad for the Game."

★

THE AMERICAN people, said Mark Twain, will have to face up to one big question: "That is, shall we go on conferring our Civilization upon the peoples that sit in darkness, or shall we give those poor things a rest? Shall we bang right ahead in our old-time, loud pious way, and commit the new century to the game; or shall we sober up and sit down and think it over first?

"Would it not be more prudent to get our Civilization tools together, and see how much stock is left on hand in the way of Glass Beads and Theology, and Maxim Guns and Hymn Books, and Trade Gin and Torches of Progress and Enlightenment (patent adjustable ones, good to fire villages with, upon occasion), and balance the books, and arrive at the profit and loss, so that we may intelligently decide whether to continue the business or sell out the property and start a new Civilization Scheme on the proceeds?"

★

TWAIN'S second blast came in 1902, in his A Defense of General Funston. Here he ironically "exonerates" one of our leading experts at shooting up Filipino women and children. After all, Twain argued, you can't blame General Funston since his conscience "leaked out through one of his pores" when he was very little.

So effectively did Mark Twain stab at the morality of imperialism that his writings on the subject have been virtually censored out of existence.

Including, for instance, a piece called "The Stupendous Procession" written as a "greeting" to the new century. He is describing the procession:

"The twentieth century: A fair young creature, drunk and disorderly, borne in the arms of Satan. Banner with motto, 'Get What You Can, Keep What You Get.' Guard of Honor: Monarchs, Presidents, Tammany Bosses, Burglars, Land Thieves, etc.

"Christendom: A majestic matron in flowing robes drenched with blood. On her head a golden array of thorns; impaled on its spines the bleeding heads of patriots who died for their countries—Boers, Boxers, Filipinos; in one hand a slung shot, in the other a Bible, open at the text 'Do unto others,' etc. Protruding from pocket bottle labeled 'We bring you the blessings of civilization.' Necklace—handcuffs and a burglar's jimmy."

★

AT THE END of the procession, Mark Twain tells us, are huge banners reading "All White Men Are Born Free and Equal."

So far as I know this manuscript is still unpublished. It's certainly not on any "approved list" in New York's schools.

But if all this doesn't sound like the "genial humorist" of the Mark Twain legend, it is pale stuff compared to what Mark Twain said on the subject of revolutions, including the Russian Revolution of 1905. More of that tomorrow.

Briefly Noted

The National Association of Piano Tuners now is having its 41st annual convention at the Hotel New Yorker.

The program of the convention will include a variety of talks, demonstrations, and discussion-panels on technical and promotional subjects. Piano tuners are expected to display gadgets of their own invention, and leaders in the field will conduct classes on various aspects of piano servicing.

A special piano teacher-tuner session devoted to a discussion of common problems was held yesterday at 2 p.m. This session was chaired by Miss Josephine Fry, president of the Teachers College.

Books:

Ex-Liberal Speaks for Reaction In 'The Power In The People'

By David Carpenter

The Power in the People represents the final step in the development of Felix Morley from a one-time liberal to an outright spokesman for reaction. Under the guise of discussing the destruction of liberty in our country, Morley attacks every effort made by the people to improve their conditions in modern capitalist society. He is particularly virulent in his analysis of the New Deal and Franklin D. Roosevelt's terms in office.

THE POWER IN THE PEOPLE. By Felix Morley. 293 pp. New York. D. Van Nostrand. $3.50.

Morley claims that our nation was founded on the principles of the New Testament and "free enterprise." He insists that these foundations were destroyed by the New Dealers, who grabbed all authority for themselves and, through the power of the central government, imposed a dictatorship on the people.

He declares that what he wants is to restore liberty to the people, so that, as individuals, they can work out their own destinies. But what he really wants is the unrestricted right for the monopolies to maintain their control over the people, as can be seen from this quotation:

"It is certain that, in the production of moral wealth, private enterprise is far more productive than the State can ever be."

And, despite all his protestations about restoring liberty to the people, what he wants is the right to force the people to obey the rule of the monopolies and their intellectual agents. According to Morley, one can't "expect the masses to learn anything from the lessons of history if they are not applied and made clear by those who have had the opportunity to reflect upon them."

'Age of Revolutoin' A Plea for Rule of Few Over the Many

J. J. Saunders, in The Age of Revolution, shows himself to be one of that increasing number of medievalists who follow the political line of the Catholic hierarchy. Whether or not this former member of the British Military Intelligence, who now teaches history in London, is a professing Catholic, is not very important.

THE AGE OF REVOLUTION. By J. J. Saunders. 311 pp. New York. Roy Publishers. $3.50.

Like the Catholic hierarchy, Saunders finds the cause of the decline and chaos of capitalist society and the development of the socialist world in the growth of the ideas of liberalism in the 19th century.

According to Saunders, the 19th century liberals created havoc by propagating ideas of democracy among the common people. He believes that thereby what he considers the two main foundations of society—respect for authority and faith in religion—were destroyed.

The only evil Saunders can find in capitalism is that it has given the people the freedom of movement to destroy capitalism. He therefore advocates an authoritarian rule over the people, in which religion will be the agent to make them content with their lot. But these are only other words for fascism.—D.C.

MOTION PICTURES

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New York, Wednesday, August 3, 1949

Daily Worker

"World of Labor" Every Day, Page 6

GIANTS TOP CUBS 3-0, 5TH IN ROW

CHICAGO, Aug. 2.—The Giants are still coming on. Sheldon Jones whitewashed the Cubs with a magnificent 3-0 triumph today for the New Yorkers' fifth straight win and the third shutout hurled by a member of Leo Durocher's mound staff in the past three days. In rolling to his ninth victory of the year, Jones notches his first shutout of the season with a display of remarkable control, not walking a single Bruin and fanning five. His opponent, the knuckleballing over-the-hill Dutch Leonard, couldn't match the Giant's perfection this afternoon, getting rapped for nine hits and his 13th setback.

New York started it off in the second stanza on Sid Gordon's single and a passed ball. Negro star Henry Thompson's double, a sacrifice and a fly tallied the next marker in the sixth, and Jones chipped in with a run-producing safety in the seventh.

Jones' shutout followed by two days the twin whitewashings chalked up by Larry Jansen and Adrian Zabala Sunday against the Reds, and Clint Hartung's fine route performance against the Cubs yesterday.

Om yes. By sharp contrast to the magnificent resurgence of the Giants, the Cubs' defeat today was their 10th in a row.

Braddock Picking Gus to KO Ezzard

Despite the champ's youth and speed edge, there's surprisingly strong sentiment for Gus Lesnevich in the vet's effort to wrest the newly won heavyweight crown from Ezzard Charles next Wednesday night at Yankee Stadium.

Jimmy Braddock, for one, is convinced Gus will take Ezzard into camp. Said the heavyweight division's former "Cinderella" champ. **"I've watched Charles box a number of times and I think Lesnevich can beat him, probably knock him out with a body attack. If Gus uses a right hand smash under the heart followed by a left hook to the body he has an excellent chance of stopping Charles."**

The former heavyweight titleholder who lost his crown to Louis over 12 years ago, is high on Gus because "he's a great finisher." Braddock, basing his estimate of Charles on what he saw him do against Joe Baksi, believes Ezzard can be softened up around his lean waspwaisted middle and then be set up for the righthand crusher at which Lesnevich is so expert.

Baksi, it will be recalled, hurt Charles with a strong body barrage midway through the bout, but Ezzard sped out of trouble and then brought Baksi into long-range fire of his talented combination punches. Charles was finally awarded the fight on a TKO.

Lesnevich himself, despite his last two poor showings wherein he lost the light-heavy crown to Freddie Mills and was later outpointed by Joey Maxim, is certain he is going to pull an upset over the favored champ. For one thing, Gus claims the reason he lost those last two was because he could no longer make the lightheavy limit of 175 and maintain his strength. Against Ezzard, Gus figures he'll come in at about 183 with all his power and endurance.

"I have never been more sure of winning a fight than I am this one," Gus opined at his Summit camp yesterday. "Charles can be hit and hurt. Fitzie Fitzpatrick knocked him down, so did Walter Hafer. I kayoed Joe Kahut in one round. Kahut knocked out Fitzpatrick in seven, and it took Charles four rounds to finish Fitzpatrick, coming off the floor. They don't get a chance to come off the floor with me. My record proves it."

Now there's no question that Gus can hit and hit clean and explosively with his clever right hand. But the big question that won't be answered until next Wednesday night is: Can Gus tag the agile Ezzard often enough to do the damage? And by the same token, what guarantee does Gus have that Charles can't reach the older and slower man with a few of the sharpshooting thuderbolts that have floored so many men in Ezzard's impressive kayo list?

GUS LESNEVICH

MONDAY NIGHT'S RESULTS

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Dodgers 9, Pirates 0 — Ralph Branca pitching superb ball in holding Bucs to four hits for his 12th win and second straight route performance. Ralph retired 17 in row between fourth frame and ninth. Reese's 13th homer, and Snider and Hodges' 15th circuits paced the attack, with Robinson collecting three hits and driving in his 81st and 82nd runs.

Braves 8, Cards 1—Lefty Warren Spahn coasted to his 13th triumph, yielding only eight hits to the suddenly bat-silenced Redbirds. Eno Slaughter's roundtripper spoiled the Brave's shutout bid. Ed Sauer and Bob Elliott shelled Card starter Brecheen with four-base smashes.

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Browns 2, Senators 0—Bob Dillinger's three hits helped Karl Drews to his besting of the Nat's Rae Scarborough.

SCORES

NATIONAL LEAGUE

New York	010 001 100—3	9	0
Chicago	000 000 000—0	3	1

Jones and R. Mueller; Leonard and Scheffing.

Brooklyn at Pittsburgh, night.
Philadelphia at Cincinnati, night.
Boston at St. Louis, night.

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Detroit at New York, night.
Cleveland at Washington, night.
Chicago at Philadelphia, night.
St. Louis at Boston, night.

STANDINGS

(Not including yesterday's games)

NATIONAL LEAGUE

	W.	L.	G.B.
St. Louis	58	38	—
BROOKLYN	57	38	½
Boston	52	46	7
NEW YORK	50	46	8
Philadelphia	50	47	8½
Pittsburgh	45	50	12½
Cincinnati	38	58	20
Chicago	36	63	23½

AMERICAN LEAGUE

	W.	L.	G.B.
NEW YORK	60	35	—
Cleveland	56	40	4½
Boston	54	43	7
Detroit	54	46	8½
Philadelphia	53	46	9
Chicago	41	57	20½
Washington	36	58	23½
St. Louis	34	63	27

GAMES TODAY

New York at Chicago.
Brooklyn at Pittsburgh.
Boston at St. Louis (night).
Philadelphia at Cincinnati.

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Detroit at New York.
Cleveland at Washington.
St. Louis at Boston.
Chicago at Philadelphia.

In This Corner...

By Bill Mardo

Now It's Up to Rex . . .

RALPH BRANCA'S return to form is one of the best things that's happened to Brooklyn since the death of Flatbush water. I'm writing this optimistic paean before Rex Barney tried to get into the comeback act last night in Buctown, but if the Rexxer can snap out of it, too, then my friend Eddie Dyer has more to fear from the Dodgers than even he imagines. The Cards might choke on all that dust before this race is over.

Now I'm as appreciative as the next guy of St. Louis' great class as a bunch of money players, but this is a club for which everything has gone right all season. I know Musial's average hasn't ever been where it should be this year, but even when he was sloughing around in the miseries of .200 he was as apt to bust one over the fence as he is now. Kids like Kazak and Diering and Jones have come through with a bang, and the pitching drew added strength from Pollet's comeback and the surprising stuff of Gerry Staley, who figured to be no more than a bullpen worker.

But Brooklyn has been fighting some tough breaks all season. Furillo hasn't helped at the plate the way he figured, Cox is the greatest fielding third baseman in the league but a terrible out in the batting order. But all that would've been nothing because the Dodgers are young, deep in reserves, and as fast as any club of modern times. No, nothing in the club's weak spots compared to the way Branca and Rex Barney have hurt. Here you had the two big guns of the pitching staff going sour for almost an entire season. Until his last two wins, Branca had the most deceptive record in the majors, getting credit for games he rarely finished, hardly ever getting tagged with the loss when he was kayoed.

Barney has been even worse. He had a 4-6 record going into last night's start against the Pirates, and only on two rare route-going performances has this big blazing fastballer with the jughandle hook of beauty been anything resembling the kid who pitched a no-hitter against New York last season and who ended the year like a powerhouse.

So you lose your two big guys and lucky for Brooklyn a great kid like Newcombe comes of age and helps plug the mound deficit. Preacher Roe, with a week's rest, is as sure a thing as any manager would want. But a week's rest is a lot to ask of any ballclub battling tooth and nail for the flag.

The Dodgers, unless it happened last night, have yet to know what three straight wins by Branca, Barney and Newcombe would look like. Newcombe came to the club's rescue again Sunday when he finally proved to them that the Cards are made of the same human stuff that goes into any ballclub. Branca came through with his great four-hitter Monday night and for the second straight time finished a game and looked like a million bucks. Barney, who gave signs of coming to life in his relief stint at St. Loo, was out to give Brooklyn three in a row last night. The kid has done nothing but lose since he blanked Chicago June 18. If he drew a leaf from Branca's book last night at Forbes Field, then I say, brethren this is it.

Brooklyn on the march again. All we ever needed to make a rout of this year's race was for Branca and Barney to pitch like Branca and Barney. Newcombe, Roe and occasionally Hatten can handle their end of the load. Snider's big bat seems on the upswing again, Hodges' tailing off from his hot pace figures to be only temporary, and the big guy, Jackie Robinson, is still the pivot, the hub, the guy the team revolves around as he goes on getting his two-three hits a day. Olmo, Brown and Rackley give Shotton his outfield alternation strength.

So things may pick up all of a quick sudden in Flatbush, friends. Now brother Barney, you just go out there and . . .

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Sundry Tidbits

ODDS 'N' ENDS from hither and yon. . . . Did I neglect to report on that dog obedience exhibition put on at the Yankee Stadium two Monday nights ago just before the Cleveland-Yankee series got going? The ASPCA training school showed off its prize pupils to advantage under the lights, putting them through a hundred and one little tests while the big crowd roared its enthusiasm. In the Yankee dugout with the players watching the festivities, I couldn't help noting that the hound drawing most appreciative comment from the Yanks was a German Shepherd. Being a proud owner of same, I feel duty bound to pass this fact along to you. **(And how are you, Lobo?)** . . . The Yanks really enjoyed the show though, and when Eddie Lopat chipped in during the fetching exhibition by throwing tennis balls for the pooches to retrieve and bring back to their masters, little Phil Rizzuto yelled out to him: **"Heel, Lopat, heel!"**

Sandy Sadler was telling me the other day that Tommy Bell's kid brother, Bobby, is one of the few featherweights around worth watching. A comer, says Sandy. **"He's been beaten a few times, but he's just a kid, a good boxer and puches sharply."** Sandy agreed that the 126-pound division is rather barren at the moment. Charley Riley, the potent punching St. Louisan who seemed so promising a year back, doesn't rate too highly with Sandy. He didn't elaborate.

Another interesting note was Sadler's realistic reaction to what happened to him against some tough club fighter out at a Long Island fight club a few weeks ago. Sandy was almost belted out in the first round, but came back to score a TKO. **"He just caught me by surprise,"** said Saddler. **"Heck, every fighter's gotta be knocked down once in a while."** But Sandy agreed, too, that **"it doesn't do anyone any good to take too many such knockdowns."**

Bob and Vic Are No Lemons at Bat

It just isn't true judging from the formidable batting averages being posted by major league hurlers these days.

Bob Lemon, the Cleveland Indians' right-hander, is an outstanding illustration. He's collected 18 hits in 61 trips to the plate for a .295 percentage, respectable enough when you consider he's also won 12 games on the mound.

Sandwiched in Lemon's 18 hits are three doubles, two triples and six home runs. His home run total is only three short of a major league record for pitchers. Every time Lemon is named to hurl against the Yankees, manager Casey Stengel observes:

"Well, I see where the Indians have nine hitters in the line-up instead of eight."

Funny thing about Lemon was that he was a notoriously weak hitter when he played third base, prior to becoming a pitcher.

Lemon, however, doesn't have the best batting average among hurlers.

That distinction belongs to pint-sized Vic Lombardi, the Pittsburgh southpaw who frequently is used as a pinch-hitter by manager Billy Meyer. The one-time Brooklin 27 at-bats for a healthy .407 mark. Lombardi explains the feat with a terse, "I try to get on base every time I go up to the plate."

Runnerup to Lombardi is rookie Bob Hall, the fastball ace of the Boston Braves. Hall, who has all the confidence in the world, also has eight hits in 18 trips for a .389 average.

Then there's slender Murry Dickson of the Pirates with 15 hits in 42 appearances at the plate for a robust .357 mark.

Emil Kush of the Cubs and Lynn (Schoolboy) Rowe of the Phillies are no slouches with the willow, either. Both sport .333 batting averages.

Bobby Hogue of the Braves needs no apology for his .306 mark nor does Walt (Monk) Dubiel for his even .300 percentage.

Chunky Marino Pieretti of the White Sox is no "all-American out" at the plate either. He's collected seven safeties in 24 tries for a .292 average.